

29 August 2012



Private Securities Litigation Reform Act Safe Harbour Statement



This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that are intended to be covered by the safe harbour created by such sections. These statements may be identified by words such as "expects", "looks forward to", "anticipates", "intends", "believes", "seeks", "estimates", "will", "project" or words of similar meaning. All statements other than those of historical facts included in this presentation are forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, (i) estimates of future earnings, and the sensitivity of earnings to the gold and other metals prices; (ii) estimates of future gold and other metals production and sales, (iii) estimates of future cash costs; (iv) estimates of future cash flows, and the sensitivity of cash flows to the gold and other metals prices; (v) statements regarding future debt repayments; (vi) estimates of future capital expenditures; and (vii) estimates of reserves, and statements regarding future exploration results and the replacement of reserves. Where the Company expresses or implies an expectation or belief as to future events or results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. However, forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such risks include, but are not limited to, gold and other metals price volatility, currency fluctuations, increased production costs and variances in ore grade or recovery rates from those assumed in mining plans, project cost overruns, as well as political, economic and operational risks in the countries in which we operate and governmental regulation and judicial outcomes. For a more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors (such as availability of credit or other sources of financing), see the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended June 30, 2011 which is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as well as the Company's other SEC filings. The Company does not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to any "forward-looking statement" to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this presentation, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.



Executive team

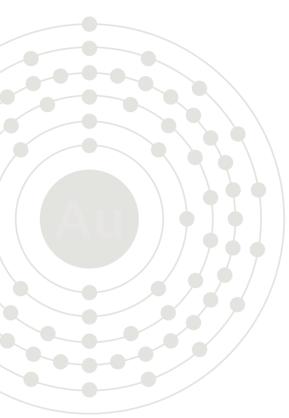


Name	Designation		
Graham Briggs	Chief executive officer		
Frank Abbott	Financial director		
Mashego Mashego	Executive director		
Jaco Boshoff	Executive: Reserves, New business and Projects		
Anton Buthelezi	Executive: Human Resources		
Pheello Dikane	Executive: Legal		
Melanie Naidoo-Vermaak	Executive: Environment		
Alwyn Pretorius	Executive: Safety and Health		
Tom Smith	Chief operating officer: South Africa		
Marian van der Walt	Executive: Corporate and Investor relations		
Abre van Vuuren	Executive: Risk management and Services improvement		
Johannes van Heerden	Chief executive officer: SE Asia operations		
Greg Job	Executive SE Asia - Growth and Resource development		





- 1 Strategy
- 2 Safety and health
- 3 Assumptions
- 4 Resources and Reserves
- 5 Production
- 6 Wafi-Golpu project
- 7 Financials
- 8 Conclusion





Strategy



Delivering on projects Global opportunities

Exploration

Growth in reserves

Optimise operational delivery

Improve cash costs and quality of ounces

Experienced management teams with strong values; committed to deliver

Grow the company

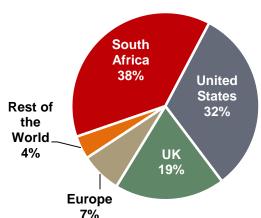


Facts about Harmony today



- Operating in South Africa and Papua New Guinea (PNG)
- Building world class mines in South Africa and PNG
 - 10 underground mines, one open pit operation and several surface sources in SA
 - 50% joint venture in PNG with Newcrest Mining Ltd
 - Hidden Valley open pit mine
 - Wafi-Golpu
 - Exploration
 - 100% PNG exploration areas
- Company changing exploration projects
- Low debt with available facilities
- Generating robust margins and earnings
- Empowered
 - compliant with 2014 Mining Charter requirements
- Employs 40 000 (including 6000 contractors)
- 431 564 236 shares in issue
- Market capitalisation of R33bn (US\$4bn)
- Listed on JSE Limited (Ticker: HAR) New York Stock Exchange (Ticker: HMY)







Our values













No matter the circumstance, **safety** is our main priority

We are all accountable for delivering on our commitments

Achievement is core to our success

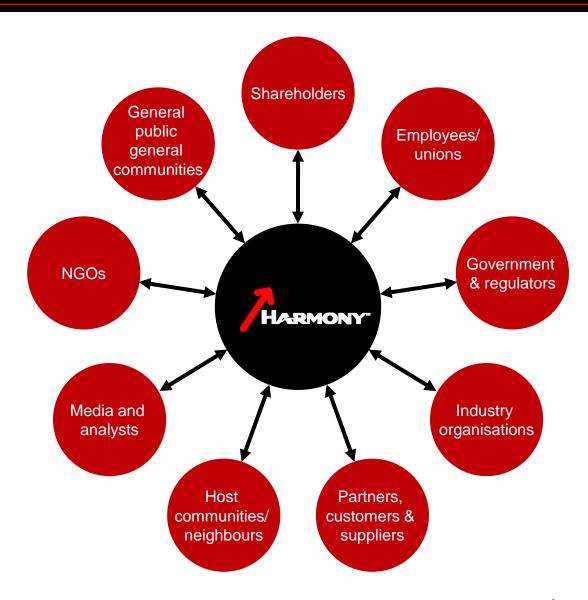
We are all connected as one team

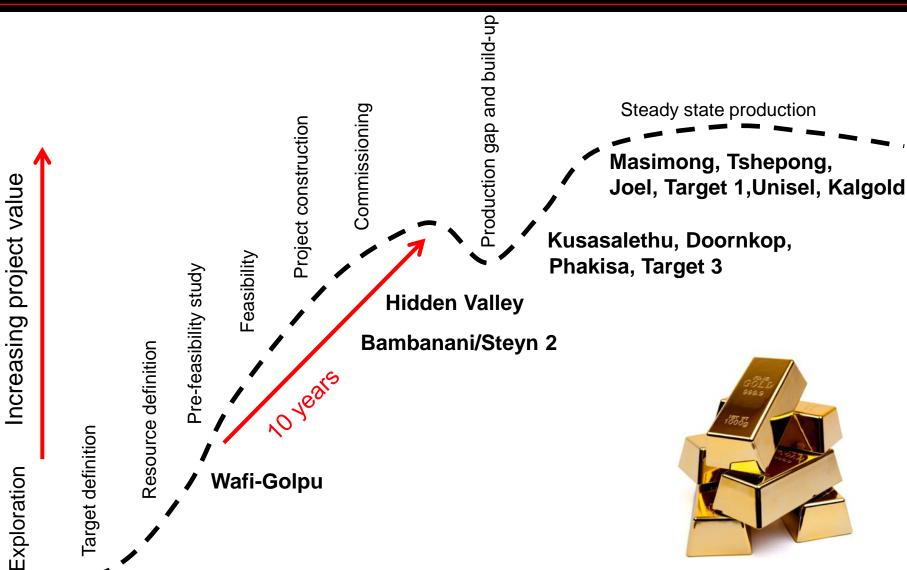
We uphold honesty in all our business dealings and communicate openly with stakeholders



Our stakeholders







Exploration in both SA and PNG





Safety and health behaviours



- Safety and health starts with me
- I behave safely and healthy in everything I do
 - 'Zero harm, Zero accidents, Zero fatalities'
- I am always alert to my colleagues' safety and health









Our safety and health journey



- Improve Harmony's Occupational Health and Safety Management Framework (OHS)
- Develop and implement a safety culture strategy
- Continuous improvement through auditing, feedback and closing the loop
- Harmony participates in industry level health and safety initiatives
 - Charter requirements
 - Culture transformation framework
 - Mining Industry Occupational Safety and Health (MOSH)





Areas of specific focus



1. Increase focus on high impact areas

- Special emphasis to eliminate fall of ground, rail bound equipment and silicosis incidents
- Awareness and continuous improvement through audits
- Intensive high level accident investigation
- Implementation of strategies e.g. ground control strategy
- Training and awareness on noise induced hearing loss and silicosis

2. Centralised health and safety auditing

- High level auditing team
- Focus on implementation of lessons learnt for prevention of re-occurring incidents
- Focus on high risk areas
- Focus on company strategy implementation



Areas of specific focus | continued



3. Adoption of leading practices

- MOSH involvement and participation (fall of ground, trucks and mobile machinery, dust, noise)
- Tripartite engagements (management, unions, Department of Mineral Resources)
- Gold industry collaboration (initiated by Gold Producers Committee)

4. Effective implementation of health and safety strategy

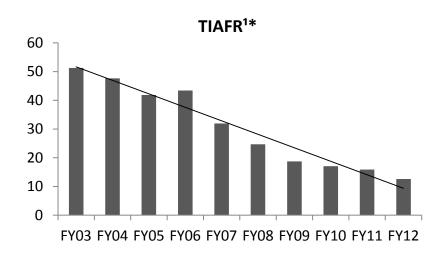
- Safety Management System
 - Review and improvement of OHS* management system
 - Training and implementation of OHS* management system
 - Addressing issues identified during gap analysis
- Safety culture and mindset
 - Gap assessment completed
 - Develop, integrate and implement strategy

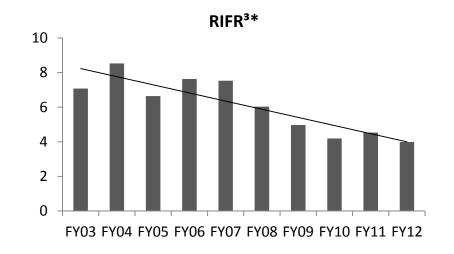
^{*} Occupational Health and Safety Management Framework (OHS)

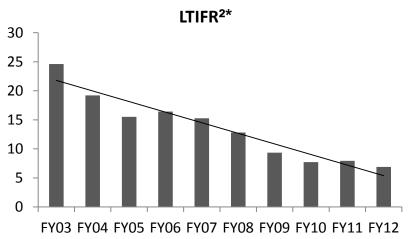


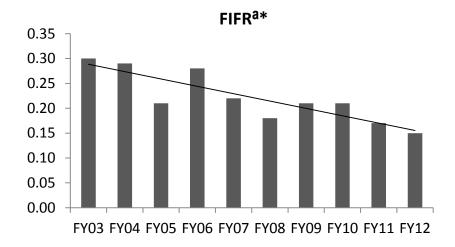
All safety indicators improved over past 10 years











¹ TIAFR: Total Injury Accident Frequency Rate (per million hours worked)

² LTIFR: Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (per million hours worked)

³ RIFR: Reportable Injury Frequency Rate ((per million hours worked)

^a FIFR: Fatal Injury Frequency Rate (per million hours worked)

^{*} Note: Numbers reflect South Africa only



Wellness strategy

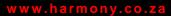


- Delivery of health care to our employees
 - Health hubs established at operations offer:
 - multi-disciplinary professional teams that deliver pro-active health care
 - fitness assessments
 - employee wellness programs
 - integrated with the Harmony Health and Safety strategy and structures of the operations
- Individual health risk management
- Operational health targets to improve productivity and attendance





Assumptions





Commodity price assumptions for Reserves



- Gold (Au)
 - Cut-off gold price US\$1 400/oz, US\$/R7.55 = R340 000/kg
 - US\$/AUS\$1.00
- US\$25.00 Silver price
- Copper (Cu) US\$7 714/tonne or US\$3.50/lb
- US\$120/bbl Oil
- Uranium US\$50/lb
- Molybdenum US\$15/lb



Planning parameters



South Africa

• Salary increases 9.00%

Electricity increases

April 2012, April 2013
 16.00% nominal terms

- April 2014 10.00% real terms

April 2015, April 2016, April 20175.00% real terms

Water increases

- August 2012 13.50% nominal terms

– August 2013 - August 20167.08% real terms

Consumables and contractors costs 8.00%

PNG

Average increase 7.50%





Reserves and Resources



Mineral Resources and Reserves summary¹ – 2012



	Gold ('000 kg)	Gold ('000 oz)	Gold equivalents ('000 Kg) **	Gold equivalents ('000 Oz) **
2012 Mineral Resources *				
Measured	865	27 801	865	27 810
Indicated	1 478	47 506	2 085	67 028
Inferred	1 591	51 167	1 721	55 338
Total	3 934	126 474	4 671	150 176
2012 Mineral Reserves *				
Proved	433	13 929	433	13 937
Probable	782	25 142	1 213	39 000
Total	1 215	39 071	1 646	52 937

^{*} Represents Harmony's total and Harmony's 50% equity portion in PNG

^{**} Gold equivalents are calculated assuming a US\$1400/oz Au, US\$3.50/lb Cu and US\$25.00/oz Ag

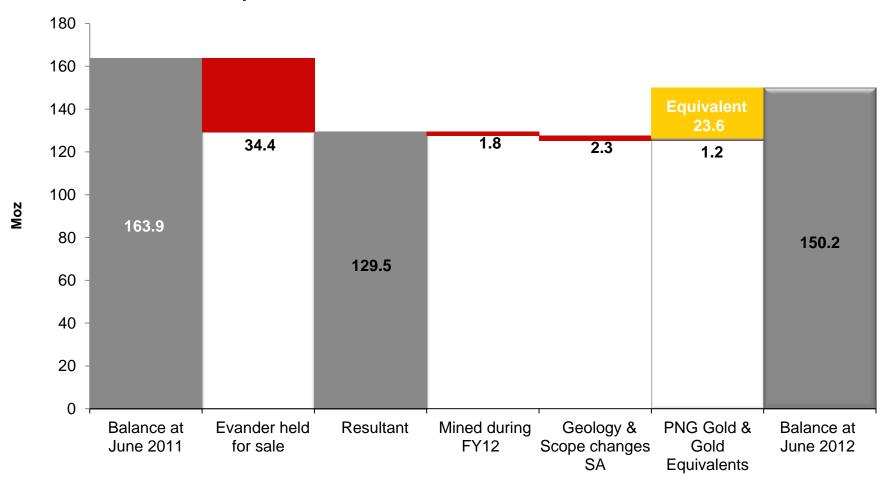
¹ Refer to Reserves and Resources press release on www.harmony.co.za released on 29 August 2012



Resources reconciliation y-on-y



Gold equivalent Mineral Resources reconciliation - FY11 vs FY12

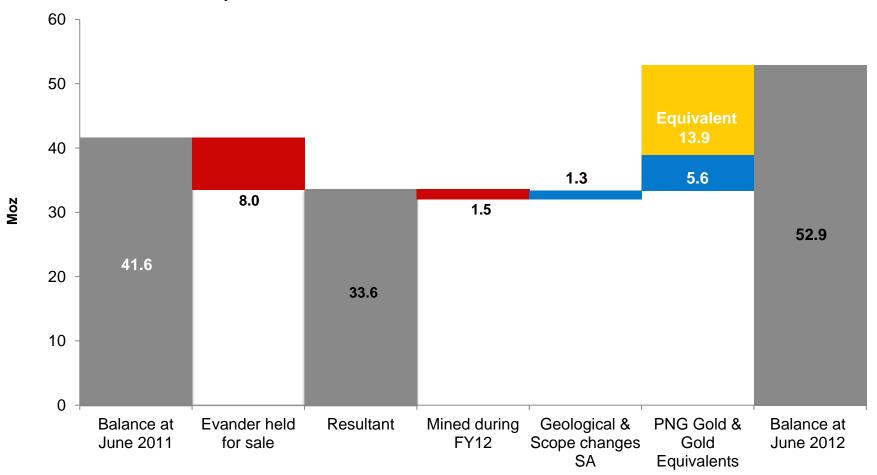




Reserves reconciliation y-on-y



Gold equivalent Mineral Reserves reconciliation - FY11 vs FY12

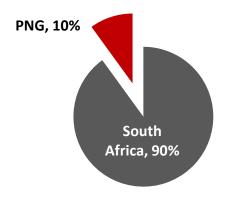




Geographical diversification (Resources)¹

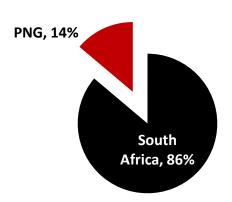


Gold Resources FY11

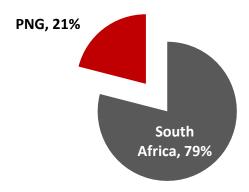


Note: Resources as at 30 June 2011 includes Evander

Gold Resources FY12

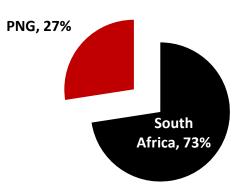


Gold equivalent* Resource ounces FY11



Note: Resources as at 30 June 2011 includes Evander

Gold equivalent* Resource ounces FY12



^{* 30} June 2011 Gold equivalent based on US\$1150/oz Au, US\$2.50/lb Cu and US\$13.50oz Ag at 100% recovery for all metals 30 June 2012 Gold equivalent based on US\$1400/oz Au, US\$3.50/lb Cu and US\$25.00/oz Ag at 100% recovery for all metals

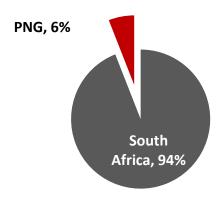
¹ Refer to Reserves and Resources press release on <u>www.harmony.co.za</u> released on 29 August 2012



Geographical diversification (Reserves)¹

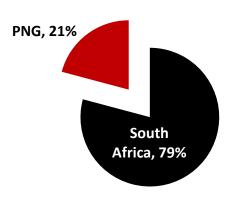


Gold Reserves FY11

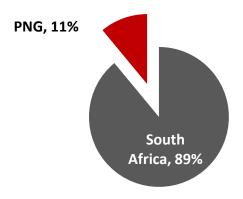


Note: Reserves as at 30 June 2011 includes Evander

Gold Reserves FY12

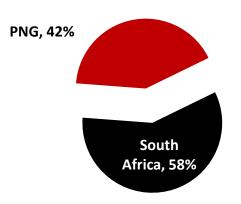


Gold equivalent* Reserves FY11



Note: Reserves as at 30 June 2011 includes Evander

Gold equivalent* Reserves FY12



^{* 30} June 2011 Gold equivalent based on US\$1150/oz Au, US\$2.50/lb Cu and US\$13.50oz Ag at 100% recovery for all metals 30 June 2012 Gold equivalent based on US\$1400/oz Au, US\$3.50/lb Cu and US\$25.00/oz Ag at 100% recovery for all metals ¹ Refer to Reserves and Resources press release on www.harmony.co.za released on 29 August 2012



PNG exploration



Exploring in PNG since 2003

Resource and Reserve growth

- Resource growth: 13.1 Moz Au & 4.5 Mt Cu, (equates to 41.2 Moz Au equivalent¹)
- Discovery cost per equivalent resource ounce: US\$6/oz
- Reserve growth: 8.1 Moz Au & 2.7 Mt Cu (equates to 22 Moz Au equivalent¹)
- Discovery cost per equivalent reserve ounce: US\$14/oz

Project pipeline development

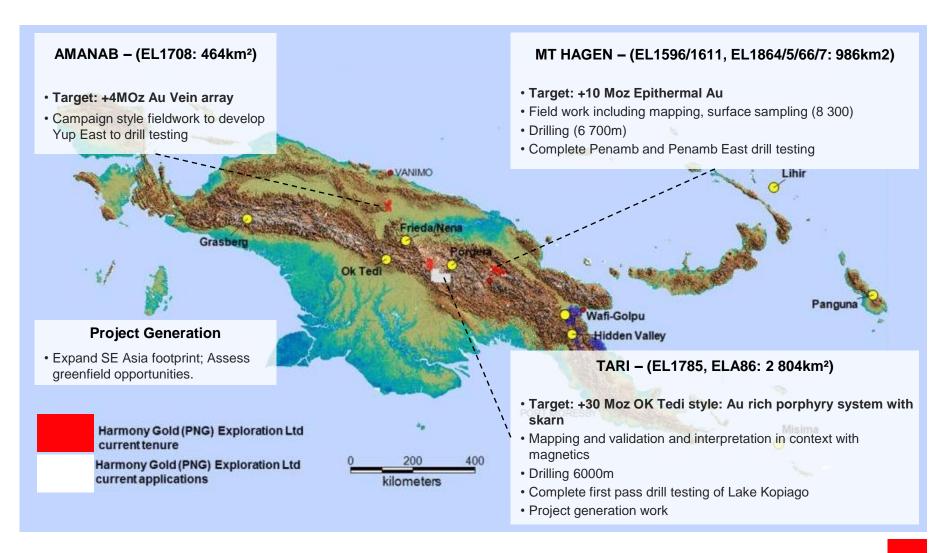
- Established valuable exploration portfolio with developing project pipeline
- Morobe Mining JV (50%)
- Amanab, Mt Hagen and Tari Projects (100%)

Exploration expenditure for 100% areas in PNG planned at R107m (US\$14m)



FY13 exploration planning









Production



Recovered grade vs reserve grade



Mine	Mineral reserve grade (g/t) June 2012	Adjusted (-5%) to compare with recovery grade (g/t)	Actual grade (g/t) achieved in FY12	Comments
Target 1	4.90	4.66	4.61	
Target 3	6.40	6.08	3.55	Increase Basal reef ratio
Unisel	4.63	4.40	4.04	
Masimong	5.06	4.81	3.45	Waste diluted recovered grade
Bambanani / Steyn 2	12.76	12.12	6.79	Shaft pillar mining
Phakisa	7.79	7.40	4.88	North area build-up
Tshepong	5.44	5.17	4.29	Decline build-up
Joel	5.20	4.94	4.78	
Doornkop	3.78	3.59	3.31	
Kusasalethu	6.30	5.99	4.71	4 years of waste dilution
Total underground	6.04	5.74	4.26	





Operation	Expected potential ounces	Cash cost* (R/kg)	Cash costs* (US\$/oz)	Life of mine (years)	Comments
Kusasalethu	260 000 - 300 000 oz	R240 000 - 250 000/kg	US\$990 -1 030/oz	25 years	In build-up
Doornkop	185 000 - 200 000 oz	R245 000 - 255 000/kg	US\$1 010 -1 050/oz	16 years	In build-up
Phakisa	175 000 - 200 000 oz	R200 000 - 210 000/kg	US\$825 - 865/oz	21 years	In build-up
Tshepong	190 000 - 200 000 oz	R245 000 - 260 000/kg	US\$1 010 -1 070/oz	17 years	Steady state production
Masimong	135 000 - 150 000 oz	R215 000 - 220 000/kg	US\$890 - 910/oz	13 years	Steady state production
Hidden Valley	100 000 - 135 000oz¹	Not applicable	US\$825 - 865/oz	13 years	Exploration may increase life
Target 1	115 000 - 125 000 oz	R235 000 - 250 000/kg	US\$970 -1 030/oz	12 years	Steady state production
Bambanani	110 000 - 120 000 oz	R180 000 - 200 000/kg	US\$750 - 825/oz	9 years	Shaft pillar
Joel	75 000 - 85 000 oz	R230 000 - 245 000/kg	US\$950 -1 010/oz	12 years	Decline depth extension commenced
Unisel	60 000 - 75 000 oz	R270 000 - 290 000/kg	US\$1 115 -1 200/oz	6 years	Steady state production
Target 3	55 000 - 60 000 oz	R245 000 - 260 000/kg	US\$1 010 -1 070/oz	17 years	In build-up
Various surface	55 000 - 60 000 oz	R215 000 - 230 000/kg	US\$890 - 950/oz	30+ years	Tailings, rock dumps, clean-up
Kalgold	35 000 - 40 000 oz	R300 000 - 320 000/kg	US\$1 240 -1 320/oz	12 years	Steady state production
Steyn 2	13 000 - 15 000 oz	R230 000 - 240 000/kg	US\$950 - 990/oz	2 years	Shaft pillar
Total	~ 1.7 million oz	~ R230 000 – 240 000/kg	~ US\$950- 990/oz		

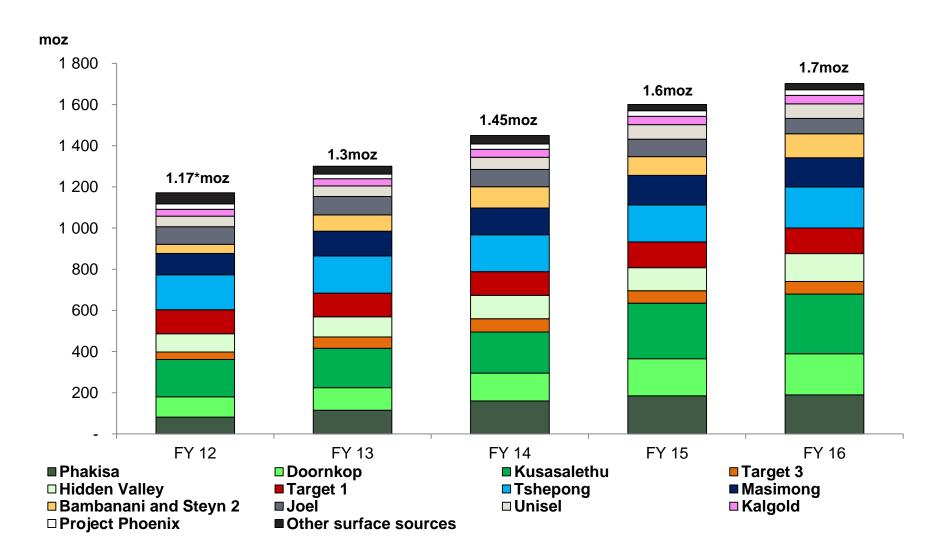
^{*}Future costs are calculated in real terms and using an exchange rate of US\$/R7.55

¹ Represents Harmony's 50% equity portion



Planned production ounces







What is going to be different?



- Safety improvements
- Structure change aimed at improved safety, achievement of plans and standardisation
- Commissioning phase almost complete on build-up mines
 - lower risk of new infrastructure teething problems
- Short Interval Control process institutionalised at all operations
- Capital invested to improve infrastructure reliability
- International Mining Industry Underwriters (IMIU) risk reduction
 - higher major equipment availability
- Medical hub roll-out on operations (proactive health strategy) to enhance labour availability
- Values and culture alignment
- Leadership development program for senior and middle management
- Bulk of restructuring completed: higher morale and fewer risks associated with re-structuring



Specific changes / improvements at operations



Kusasalethu

- Significant progress made in the project (new mine) to assist the build-up in new area
- Capital invested to improve infrastructure, especially cooling
 - 2 of the 3 new fridge plants on 100 level commissioned and operational
 - 92 level turbine (saving electricity) will be commissioned during September
 - Mini refrigeration plants on 109 completed and commissioning of 113 level is in progress
 - Additional shaft storage capacity will be created by internal transfer ore-passes (long term – 2 years)
- Four years of ore-pass rehabilitation built into plan mix waste and reef
- Gold plant efficiency / reliability has been addressed by replacing older equipment



Specific changes / improvements at operations



Doornkop

- Capital invested to improve infrastructure
- Significant progress made in the Project
 - Mid-shaft loading plug will be removed during first quarter increase hoisting speed from 12m/sec to 15m/sec
 - The reaming of the 6.1m diameter vent hole will start in second quarter (for the South reef)
 - Additional shaft storage capacity will be created in the form of internal transfer ore-passes (long term – 2+ years)

Phakisa

- Refrigeration
 - Will commission 10.5MW of underground cooling in second quarter
 - Ice plant delivery in line with expectations
- Winding infrastructure
 - Koepe winder will be speeded up to 15m/s
- Men, material and ore logistics
 - A professional simulation model was developed and recommendations are being implemented



Specific changes / improvements at operations



Tshepong

- Capital invested to improve infrastructure (decline from 66 to sub 71 level)
- The ventilation change-over with Phakisa will ensure better cooling availability

Masimong

- Safety improvements over last three months reduce stoppage risk
- Reef / waste split has been effected resulting in higher delivery grades
- No further major capital outlay needed, steady state operation

Hidden Valley

- Capital investment in infrastructure (crusher and overland conveyor)
- Additional mining fleet and equipment to replace third party gear
- Metallurgical recovery project for gold and silver recoveries



Specific changes / improvements at operations



Target 1

- Massives mining sequence fully on track
- Outstanding slot drilling machine delivered
- Drilled reserve of 160 000t now in place
- New long hole drill rig to be delivered in September 2012
- Load Haul Dumper and dump truck have improved availabilities

Bambanani and Steyn 2

- Restructuring completed which will improve morale and management/Union relations
- Grades to improve to 11g/t
- West shaft will be commissioned by end of September 2012 for hoisting



Specific changes / improvements at operations



Joel

- Shaft bottom repaired with on-going maintenance in place
- All guide ropes replaced
- Lift shaft fully commissioned to 129 level
- New decline commenced

Unisel

Cooling project completed eliminate temperature affected areas

Target 3

- Barlow winder commissioned improved flexibility and reliable hoisting
- Moving towards the 70/30 Basal Reef/Secondary reefs by end of FY13
- · Repairing of loading level and ore passes will improve ore hoisting
- Most infrastructure upgrades completed



Specific changes / improvements at operations

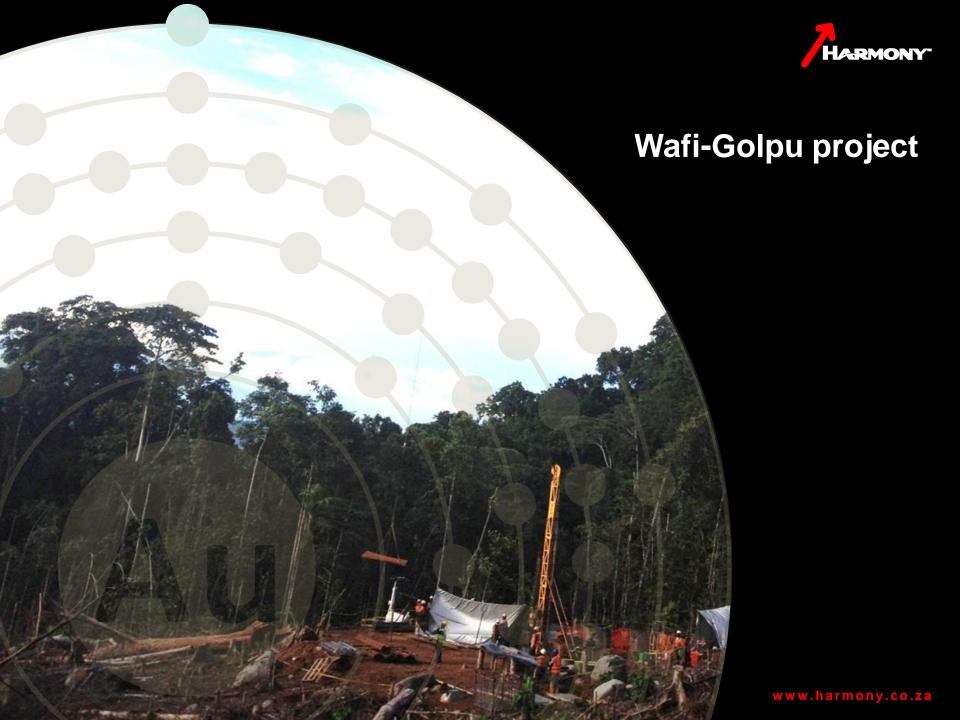


Kalgold

- Capital invested to improve infrastructure
 - CIL tank cluster replaced
 - Pre-primary crusher fully refurbished and commissioned
 - General plant infrastructure upgrades done, and others in progress
- New mining contractor on-site

Dredging

Dredging project will commence in second quarter





History and timeline to date

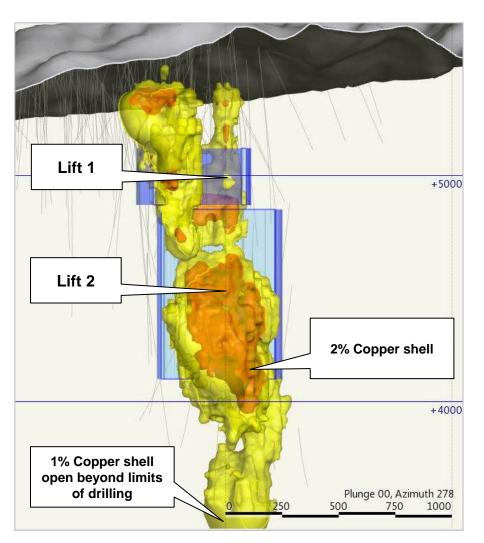


- Early 1970's Discovery and delineation of the Wafi A zone gold mineralisation
- 1990 First hole into Golpu porphyry copper-gold mineralisation
- 2003 Harmony assumed control of Wafi project following the acquisition of Abelle
- 2007 Harmony pre-feasibility study (PFS) completed
 - Technically and financially viable mining operation
 - 100Mt block cave on Golpu
 - US\$1.5bn capital positive NPV, but needed improving
 - 13 year mine life
- August 2008 Harmony entered into the MMJV with Newcrest Mining Ltd
- 2010 Commencement of Golpu concept and PFS
- Aug 2012 Completion of PFS and updated Resource and Reserve statement
 - Significant upgrade in Reserve (tonnes 643%; copper 706% and gold 902%)
 - Post June 12 drilling programme excluded from latest Resource and Reserve statement



Deposit scale upside





Current drilling suggests upside for Lift 1

- High grade mineralised porphyries more extensive than previously thought (implying more contained metal)
- Strike opened to north with latest drill intercepts
 - WR433 190m@ 1.15g/t Au, 2.57%Cu
 - WR434 702m@ 0.82g/tAu, 1.69% Cu

Lift 2 upside

- Open to the east (data constrained)
- Additional porphyries

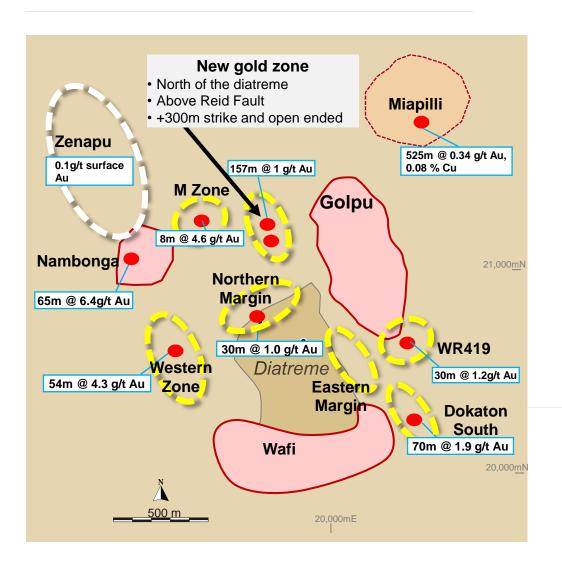
Potential Lift 3

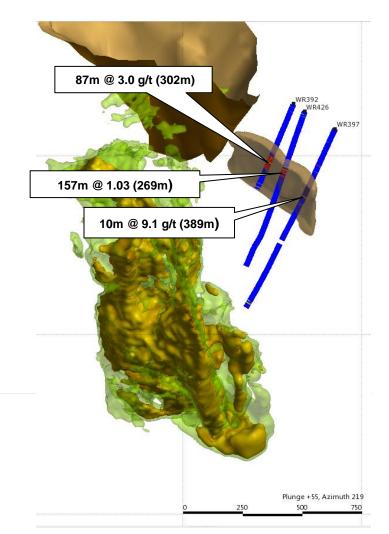
- Significant resource remains for conversion to reserves
- Requires underground drilling



System scale growth potential



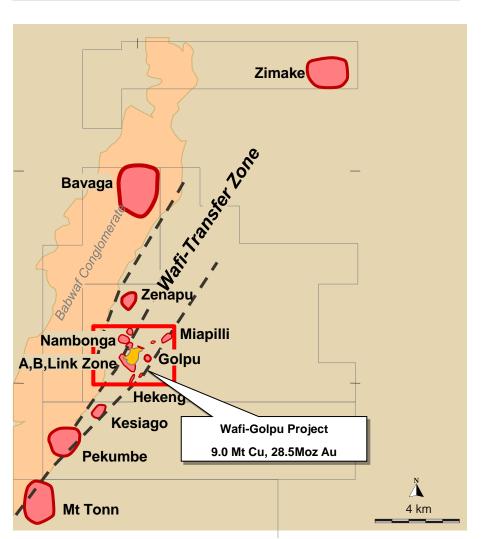






District scale growth potential



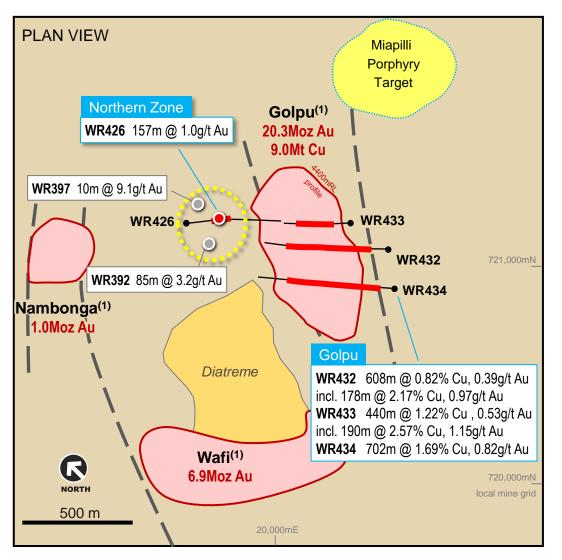


- Characteristically, major porphyry copper-gold deposits occur in groups as clusters or as an alignment of several deposits along structural trend
- Wafi transfer is a major northeast trending crustal structure
- Numerous high tenor, cohesive gold surface geochemical anomalies with underlying magnetic intrusives
- + 25km trend
- Under-explored with drilling having been focused at Wafi-Golpu



Wafi-Golpu resources at 30 June 2012





Golpu

 1000Mt @ 0.63g/t Au, 0.90% Cu (20.3Moz Au, 9.0Mt Cu)

Wafi

132Mt @1.69g/t Au (6.9Moz Au)

Nambonga

 40Mt @0.79g/t Au, 0.21% Cu (1.0 Moz Au, 0.1Mt Cu)

Total Resource

1 172Mt 28.3Moz Au, 9.08Mt Cu

Northern Gold Zone

- New gold zone (+200m strike) confirmed west of Golpu
- WR426 157m @ 1.0g/t Au



Golpu

Pre-feasibility study (PFS) results



An exciting investment proposition



Golpu resource growth to 30 June 2012



Golpu		Grade		Contained metal	
Resource	Mt	Au g/t	Cu%	Au Moz	Cu Mt
2007	164	0.57	1.10	3.0	1.8
2010¹	501	0.54	0.96	8.8	4.8
2011²	870	0.69	1.03	19.3	9.0
2012	1 000	0.63	0.90	20.3	9.0
Growth	836			17.3	7.2

Note: Resource figures quoted on 100% basis

¹ Harmony Annual Statement of Mineral Resources & Ore Reserves as at 30 June 2010 2 Harmony Annual Statement of Mineral Resources & Ore Reserves as at 30 June 2011



Golpu reserves (100% basis)



	Potential	Mt	Grade		Contained metal	
	production rate (Mtpa)		Au g/t	Cu%	Au Moz	Cu Mt
2007 Pre-feasibility study						
2 lifts	9	70	0.61	1.10	1.3	0.8
2012 Pre-feasibility study						
Lift 1	15	82	0.65	1.19	1.7	0.9
Lift 2	22	368	0.90	1.21	10.7	4.5
Total		450	0.86	1.21	12.4	5.4

- Based on the June 2012 Golpu resource model (current drilling excluded)
- Reserve calculated using US\$1 250/oz gold and US\$3.10/lb copper
- Extraction via the block caving mining method
- Flotation treatment to produce a copper/gold concentrate
- Average life of mine operating cost¹ of
 ≈ US\$20/t US\$23/t

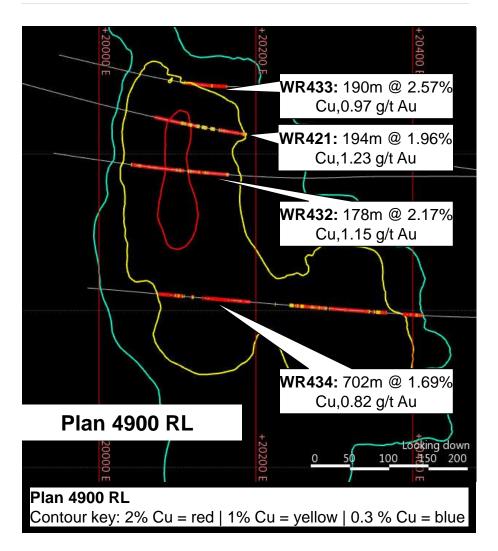
Note : Resource figures quoted on 100% basis

¹ Future costs are estimated in real terms



Latest drill results of Lift 1



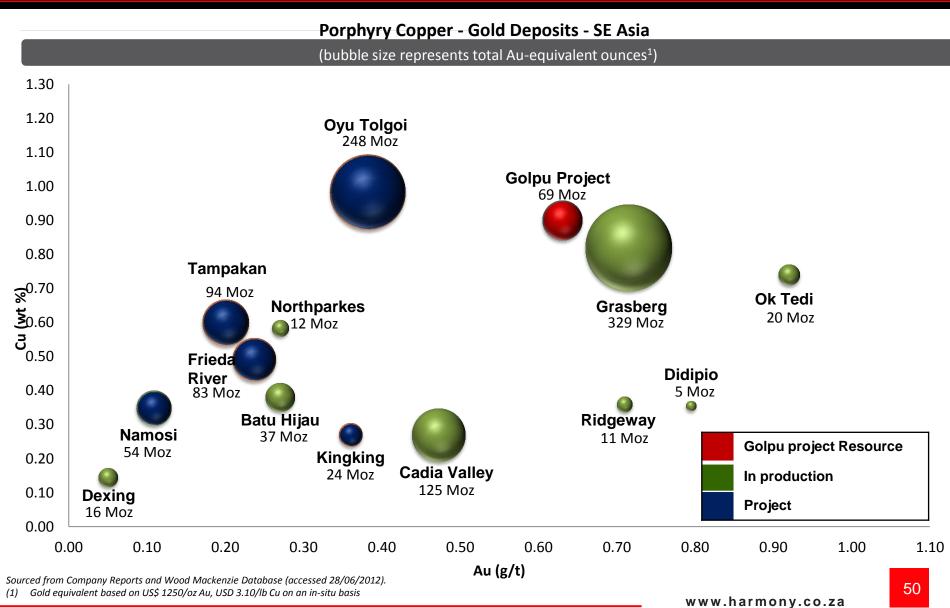


- Current drilling indicating potential for improved grade and metal content in the upper levels of the deposit
 - Increased volume of high grade mineralised porphyry
 - Improved continuity
 - Open north of WR433 intercept



World class Golpu resource

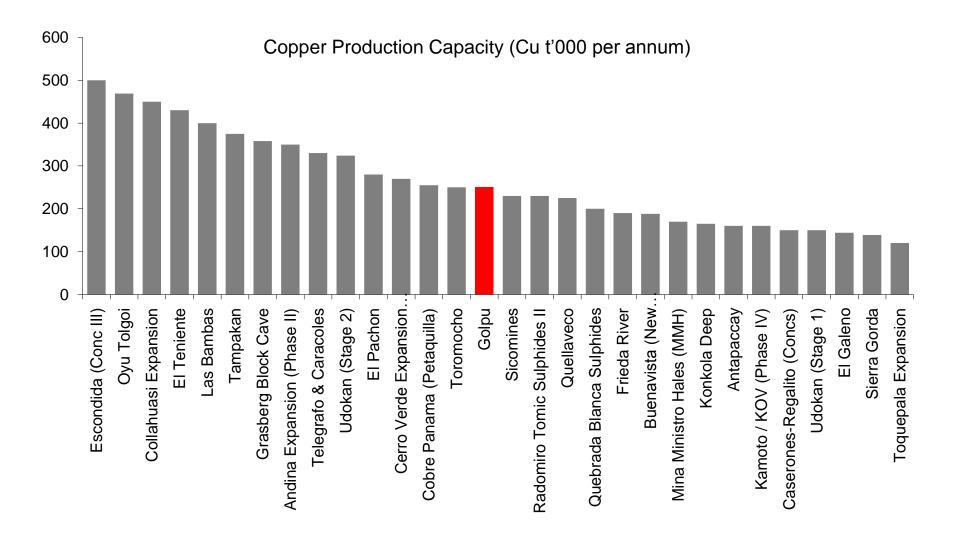






Global Copper projects – copper production

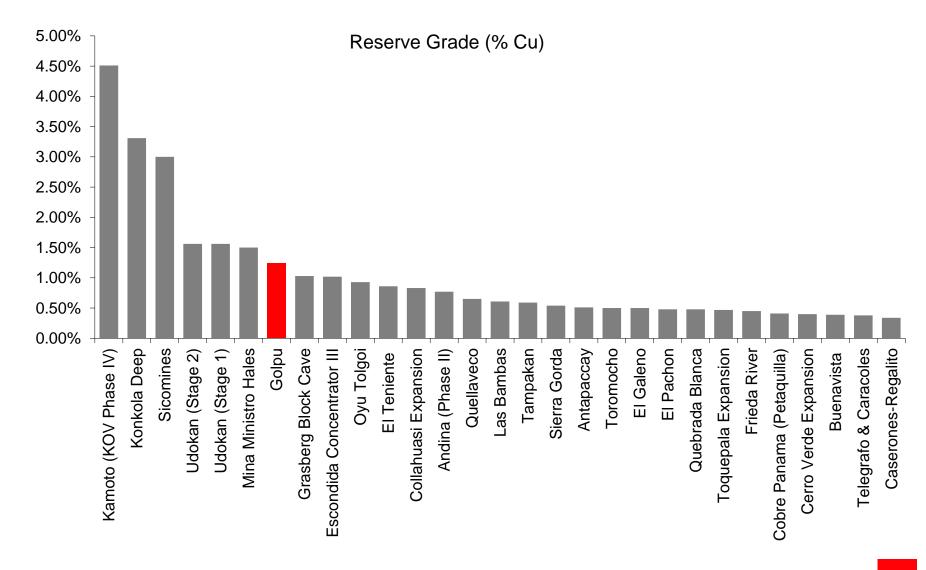






Global Copper projects – reserve grade

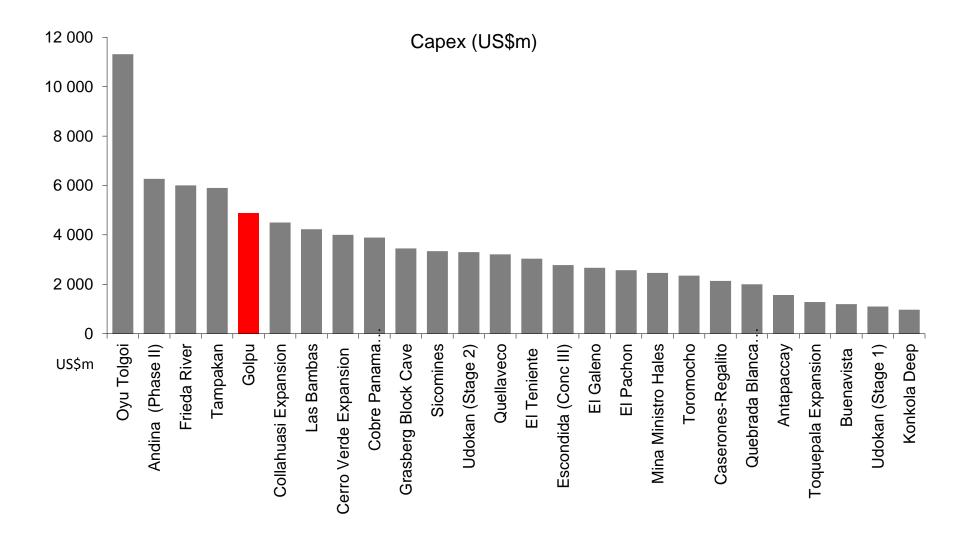






Global Copper projects – capital (US\$m)



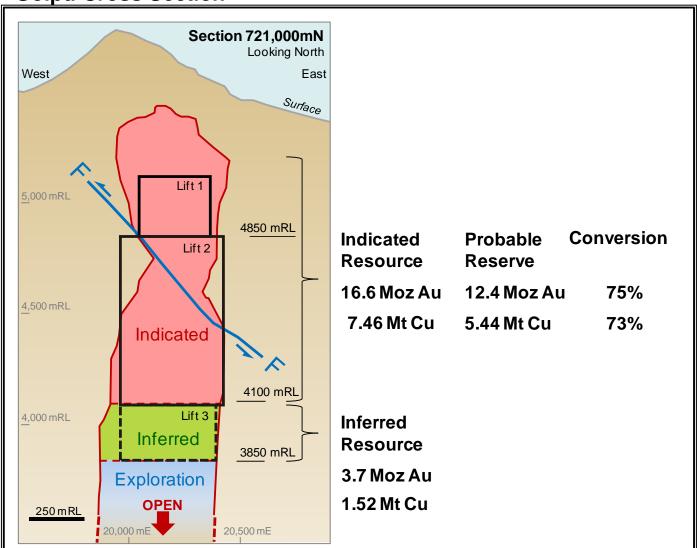




Mining base case 2 lifts with 3rd lift potential



Golpu Cross Section





Mining: base case strategy

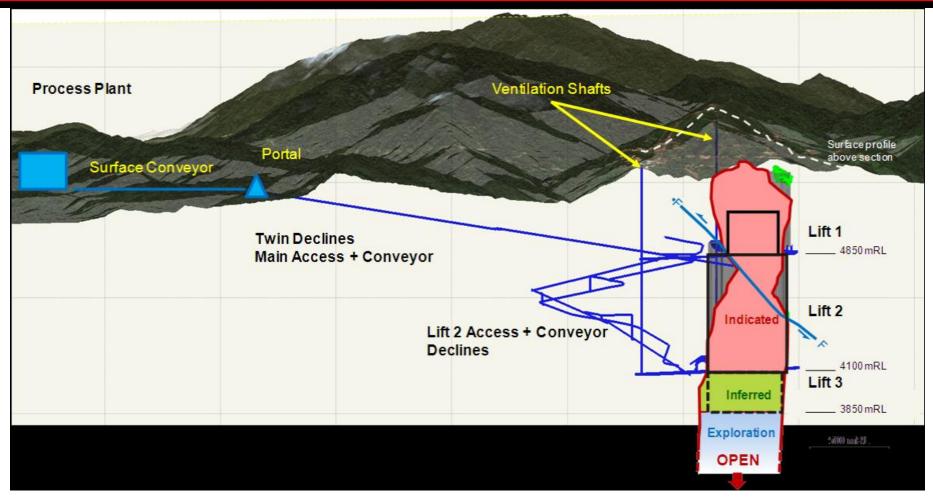


- Aim to achieve optimal balance between resource recovery, financial returns and overall risk
- Orebody's scale and geometry lends itself to block caving
 - Safest, most efficient, and lowest cost extraction of the deposit at the maximum feasible rate of production
- Due to height and geometry of deposit it is proposed to sequence extraction via two block cave lifts – lift 1 at 4 850mRL and lift 2 at 4 100mRL
 - Lift 1 (approximately 750m below surface) will be developed first
 - Production will ramp up to 15Mtpa
 - Development of Lift 2 (approx. 1.45km below surface) to commence 4-5 years after start of production
 - Lift 1 production will eventually be halted once Lift 2 begins to cave and build-up production
 - Lift 2 will then continue to ramp up to a steady state production rate of 22Mtpa
- Mine development plan will be further optimised during Feasibility study
- Strong potential exists for mining to extend below 4 100mRL and this will be tested during the next phase of the study



Mine access layout – preferred option





- Two block cave lifts: sequential mining of lifts
- Rock mass preconditioning by hydraulic fracturing and conditioning techniques
- Mine development plan further optimised in feasibility study
- Remains open at depth





- Plant will be designed in modular stages to match mining ramp-up profile
- Initial capacity of 15Mtpa, upgrade to 22Mtpa and scope for expansion to +25Mtpa throughput
- Flow sheet comprises primary crushing underground then a SAG and Ball Mill grinding circuit to achieve target tonnage and grind size
- Life of mine recoveries: Gold 61% and Copper 93%
- Opportunity to enhance gold recovery focus of feasibility study





Tailings disposal



- Number of viable terrestrial tailings storage sites identified and assessed
 - suitability, construction and operating costs
 - impacts to environment and local communities
- Identified impacts will be further explored in the feasibility study
- Consultation with Government authorities and local landowner communities





Project infrastructure







Power generation



- 100MW required when Golpu first enters production
 - Up to 150MW required when in steady state production
- Heavy fuel oil power plant to be constructed in Lae until long term low cost supply from a 3rd party commercial power provider is available
- Golpu provides attractive opportunity for public or private investment in new generating capacity in Morobe Province
- Hydro power or gas are the preferred forms of power generations
 - Competitive cost, low carbon footprint
 - Positive economic benefits for the business and public sector of PNG



Next steps: approvals and schedule



- Consult and communicate with key stakeholders
- Feasibility study is anticipated to commence in early 2013
 - Subject to consultation, gating and Board approval
 - Approximately 24 month time frame
- Environmental Social Impact Assessment conducted in parallel with feasibility Study
- First production in 2019
 - Subject to timely approval of project by State and communities
- Mining approval leading to grant of a Special Mining Lease requires
 - Feasibility study
 - Negotiation of stakeholder agreements (Public Forum and Memorandum of Agreement)
 - Mine Development Contract



Sustainable development objectives



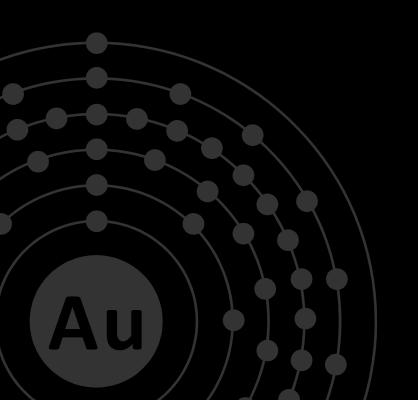
- Community education initiatives to prepare people for work
- A predominantly PNG workforce
- Major training programmes to develop workforce skills
- Developing training and employment opportunities, business and community development programmes, health and education investments and improved regional infrastructure
- Identifying the social impacts that need to be managed effectively in order to minimise the disturbance to local communities
- Developing the capacity for local businesses to supply materials and services to the company





Golpu

Financial analysis



An exciting investment proposition



Capital cost estimate



Initial capital cost estimate summary (US\$m)*

	Advanced exploration works and studies	Project construction	Total
Direct costs			
Mine	436	532	968
Process plant	0	652	652
Infrastructure	18	540	558
Power supply	0	472	472
Total direct costs	453	2 196	2 649
Indirect costs			
Project management	238	440	678
Owners costs	247	388	635
Drilling and studies	317	127	445
Total indirect costs	803	955	1 758
Contingency	120	317	437
Total capital cost	1 377	3 468	4 845

^{*} Capital required to first production

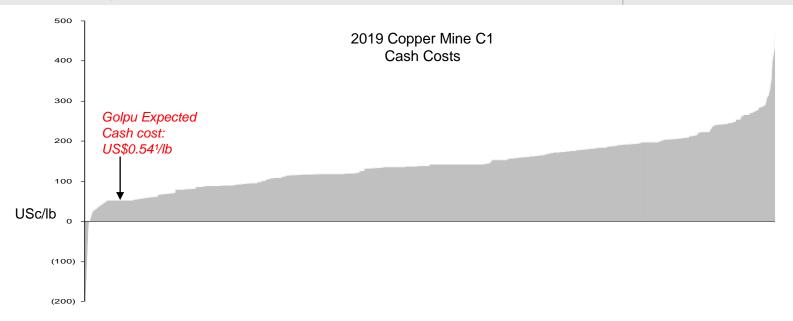


Operating cost estimate and assumptions



Operating cost estimate summary (US\$/tonne milled)

	Life Of Mine
Mining	8.64
Processing	7.39
Infrastructure	1.62
General and administration	5.01
Total operating cost	22.65



^{*}Future costs are calculated in real terms

¹ Price assumptions used: gold price at US\$1 650/oz and copper price at US\$3.50/lb



Indicative pre-feasibility parameters



Pre-feasibility 22Mtpa capacity	Units	Result
Production life	Years	26
Peak Au production	koz pa	560
Peak Cu production	kt pa	335
Annual Au production ¹	koz pa	490
Annual Cu production ¹	kt pa	290
Gold cash cost ²	US\$/oz	Negative 2,600 ³
Copper cash cost ²	US\$/lb	0.543
Total initial capital	US\$ m	4 845
Total capital	US\$ m	9 747

¹ For the period 2026 – 2035

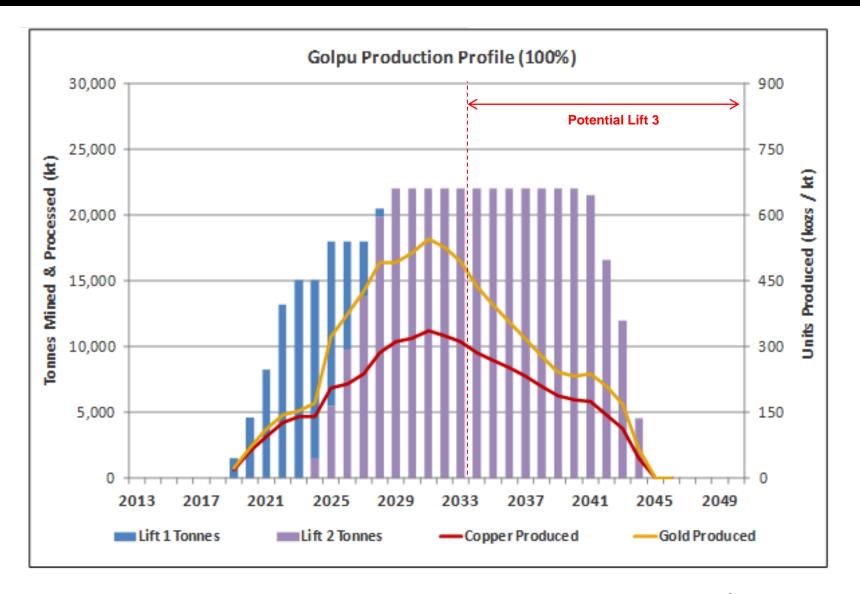
² Net of by-product credits

³ Price assumptions used: gold price at US\$1 650/oz and copper price at US\$3.50/lb



Production profile: PFS base case, 22 Mtpa

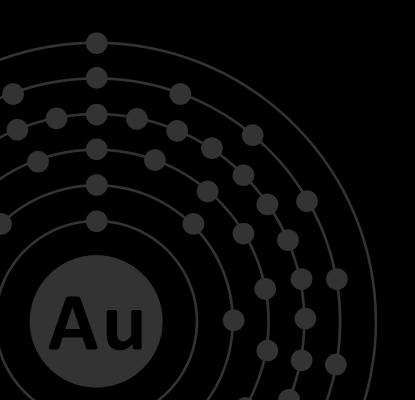






Golpu

Significant upside potential



An exciting investment proposition



Upside potential

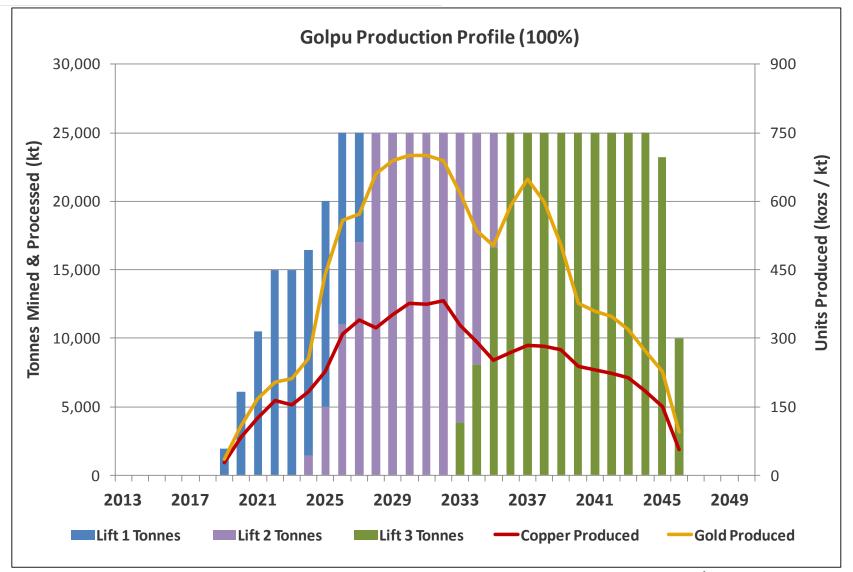


- Higher grade and recovery in Lift 1- recently 3 holes in upper section of Golpu deposit returned high grade intercepts
- Optimise metallurgical recovery for gold during the feasibility study the metallurgical studies will test an increase in gold recovery
- Ramp up and production rate feasibility study will test impact of accelerating ramp up in production and sustaining a 25Mt per annum mining and processing rate
- Mining Lift 3 holes drilled at depth beneath Lift 2 have returned high grade drill intercepts - a study will assess a third mining lift



Production profile – enhanced production case







Project summary



- World-class project, long life, generating strong cash flows
- Lowest industry quartile operating cost (gold and copper)
- Technically and financially viable development model identified
- Strong support from local community, Provincial and State Governments
- Significant upside Golpu deposit and Wafi transfer structure
- The next phase of the study will focus on the following
 - Consult and communicate with key stakeholders, including State, Provincial government and local communities; feedback from these discussions will inform the project schedule
 - Additional resource and conversion to reserve
 - Optimised and improved metal recovery
 - Accelerated production ramp up and mining rate
 - Capital optimisation



Financials





Reconciliation of FY12 cost increases (Rand)



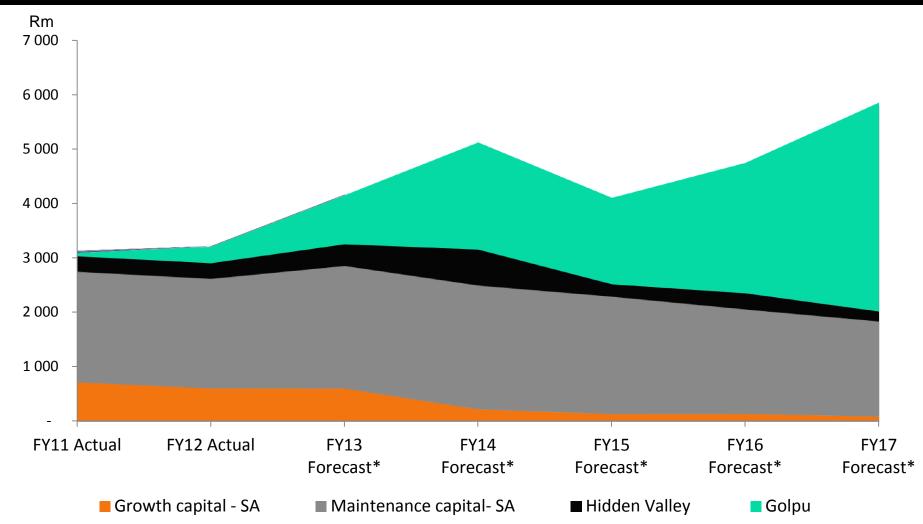
Total Cash Operating Cost	Y-on-Y %	/ariance on total %
Total FY12 vs FY11		-20%
Build-up operations	-91%	-12%
Bambanani restructure	41%	4%
Hidden Valley	-23%	-2%
Steady operations	-14%	-10%

Estimated average cost increase of 12% for FY13



Capital expenditure (Rand)



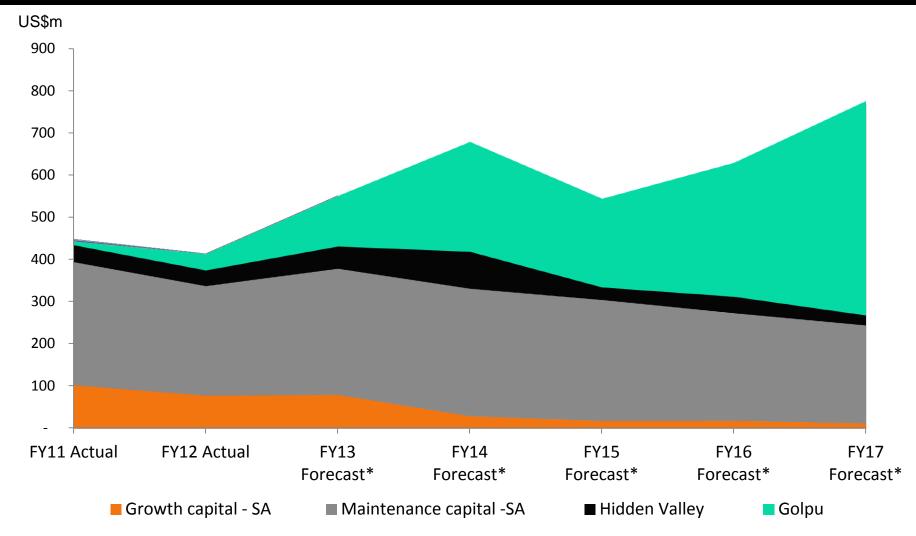


^{*}Future costs are estimated in real terms Note: Golpu figures included represent Harmony's 50% equity portion



Capital expenditure (US\$)



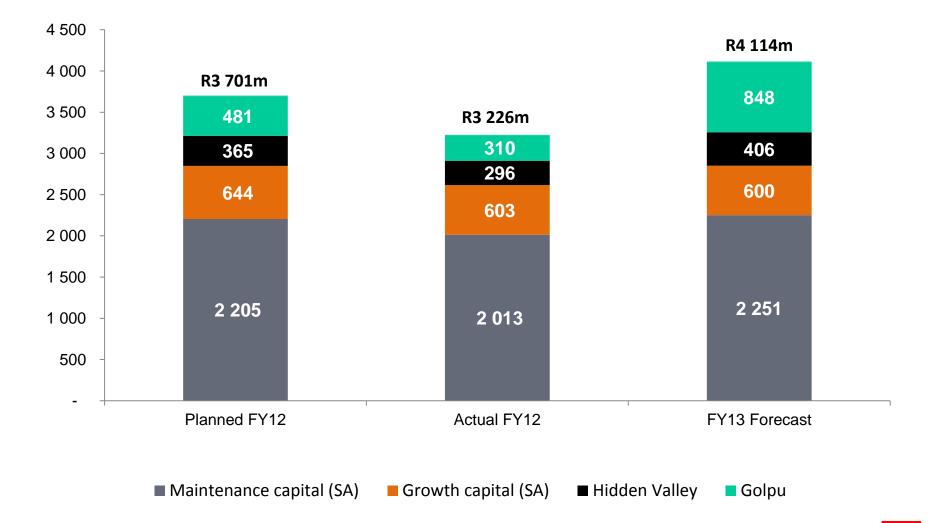


^{*}Future costs are estimated in real terms and using an exchange rate of US\$/R7.55 Note: Golpu figures included represent Harmony's 50% equity portion



Well controlled capital expenditure (Rm)

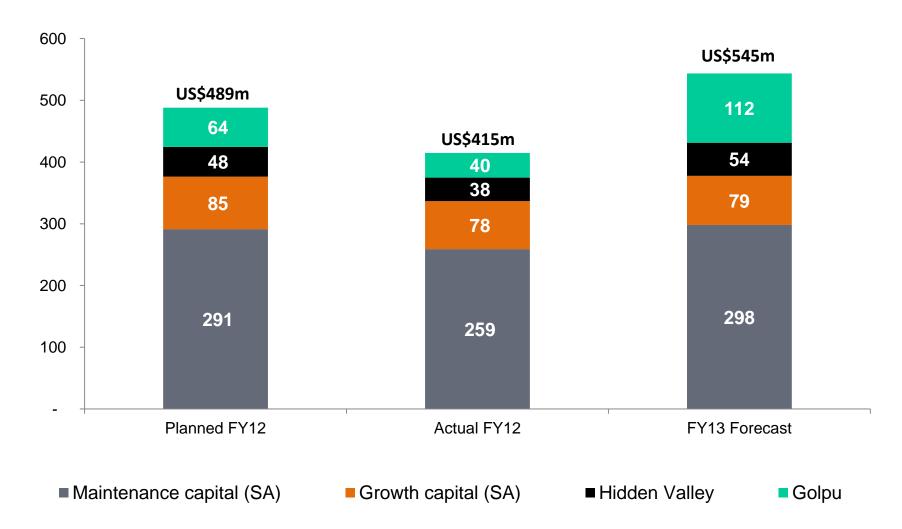






Well controlled capital expenditure (US\$m)*



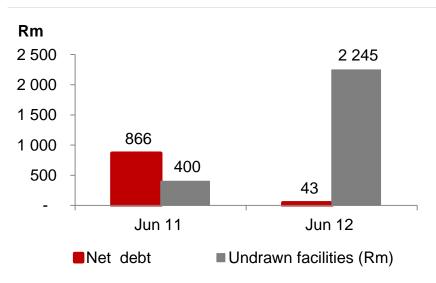


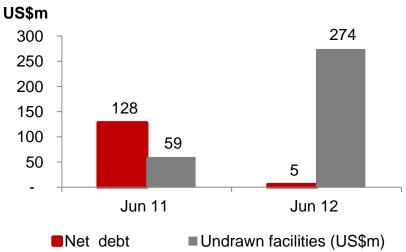
^{*}Future costs are estimated in real terms and using an exchange rate of US\$/R7.55 Note: Golpu figures included represent Harmony's 50% equity portion



Low debt and available facilities







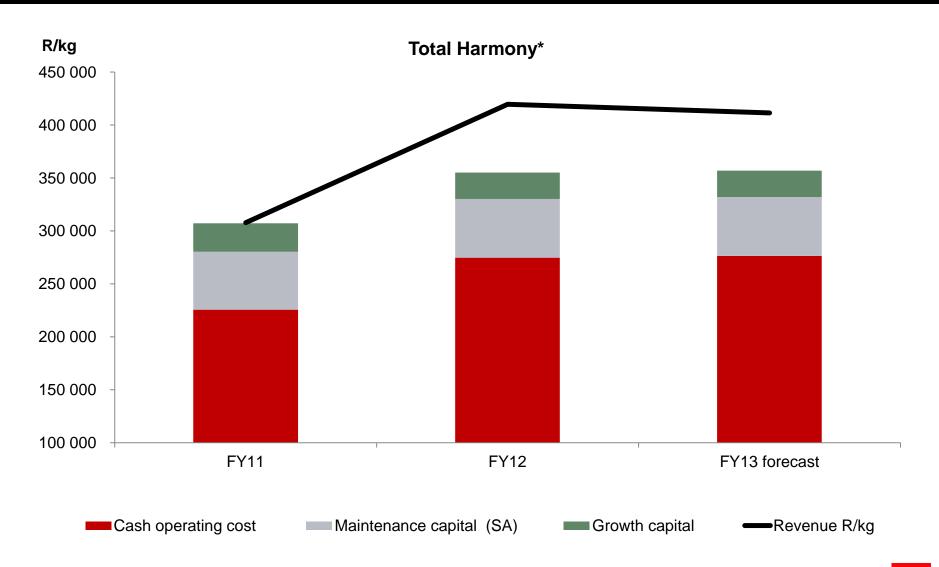
Year on year* results

- Operating profit increased by 80% at R5.9bn (US\$759m)
- Headline earnings per share more than doubled at 551 SA cents (US\$71 cents)
- Total dividends declared for FY12 90 SA cents
- Exploration spent of R500m (US\$64m)
- Capital spent of R3226m (US\$415m)



Robust margin (R/kg)

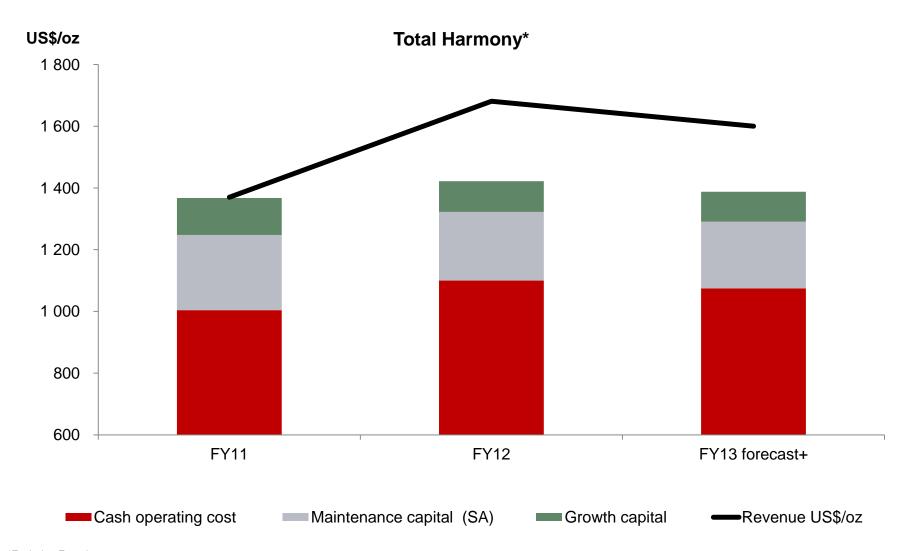






Robust margin (US\$/oz)*



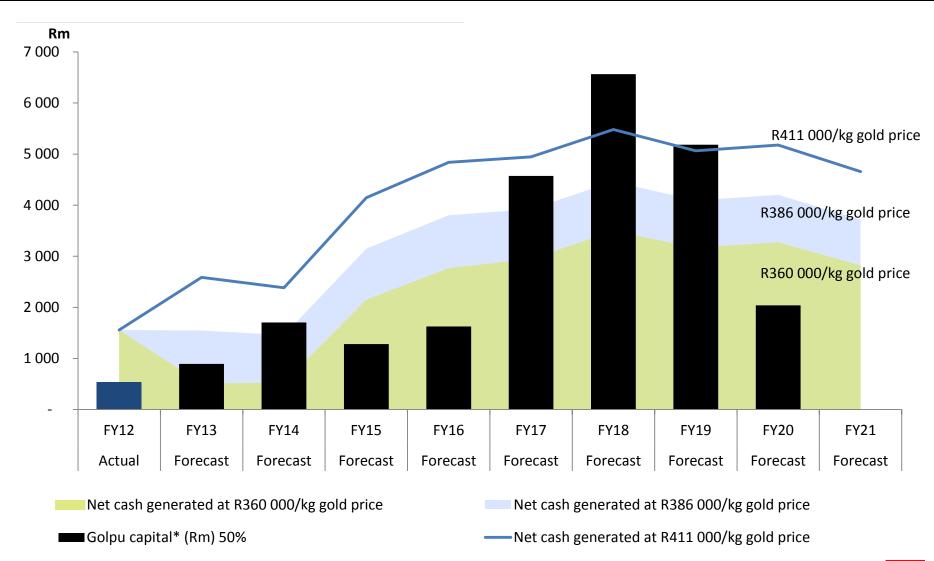


^{*}Excludes Evander
Financial plan at gold price of US\$1606/oz, US\$/R7.55 = R390 000/kg
+FY13 forecast converted at R8.00/US\$



Cash flow funding Golpu (Rm)



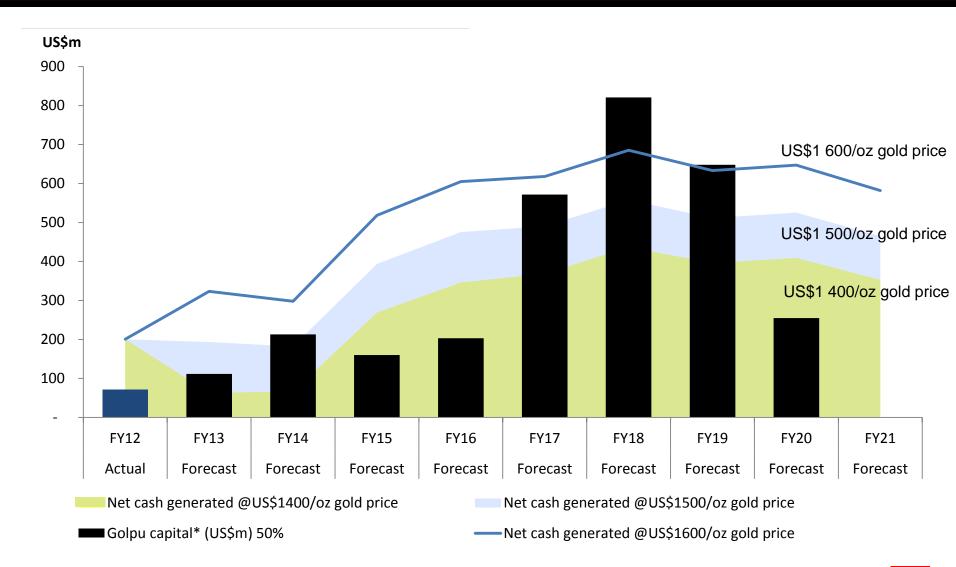


^{*} R8.00/US\$ exchange rate has been used to calculate Golpu capital Note: Future costs are calculated in real terms



Cash flow funding Golpu (US\$m)





^{*} R8.00/US\$ exchange rate has been used to calculate net cash generated Note: Future costs are calculated in real terms



Funding options



- Cash flow from operations
- Corporate debt
- Corporate bonds
- Pre-paid copper forward
- Project finance
- Convertible bonds



In conclusion





Achieving our strategic objectives



Growth

- Ore reserve growth increased by 27%
- Dividend growth increased by 50%
- Lowered net debt by R823m (US\$123m)
- Operations funded all capital expenditure (R3.2bn; US\$414m)

Exploration

- Increased expenditure by 54%
- Increased number of gold and copper targets
- Improved diversity geographic and copper
- Discovery cost of US\$6 per equivalent resource ounce



Achieving our strategic objectives | continued



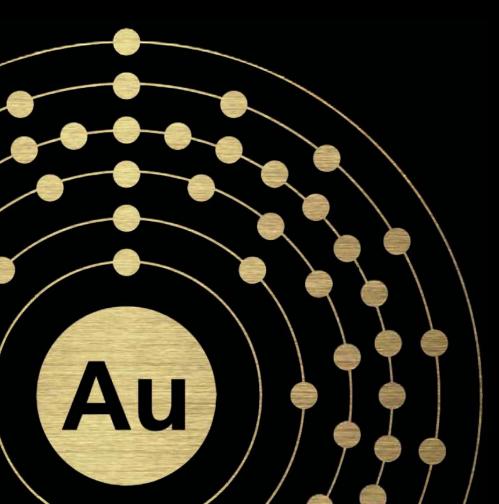
Optimising operational delivery

- Improved safety
- Disposed of non-core assets
- Improved margin 26% in FY11, 35% in FY12
- Leverage to gold price
 - 36% increase in R/kg gold price, resulting in an 80% increase in Rand profit
 - 23% increase in US\$/oz gold price, resulting in a 62% increase in US\$ profit

Golpu

- World class gold/copper project, long life, generating strong cash flows
- Lowest industry quartile operating cost (gold and copper)
- Significant upside potential Golpu and the Wafi transfer structure





Henrika Basterfield

Investor Relations Manager

Tel: +27 (0)11 411 2314

Mobile: +27 (0)82 759 1775

Email: henrika@harmony.co.za

Marian van der Walt

Executive: Corporate and Investor Relations

Tel: +27 (0)11 411 2037

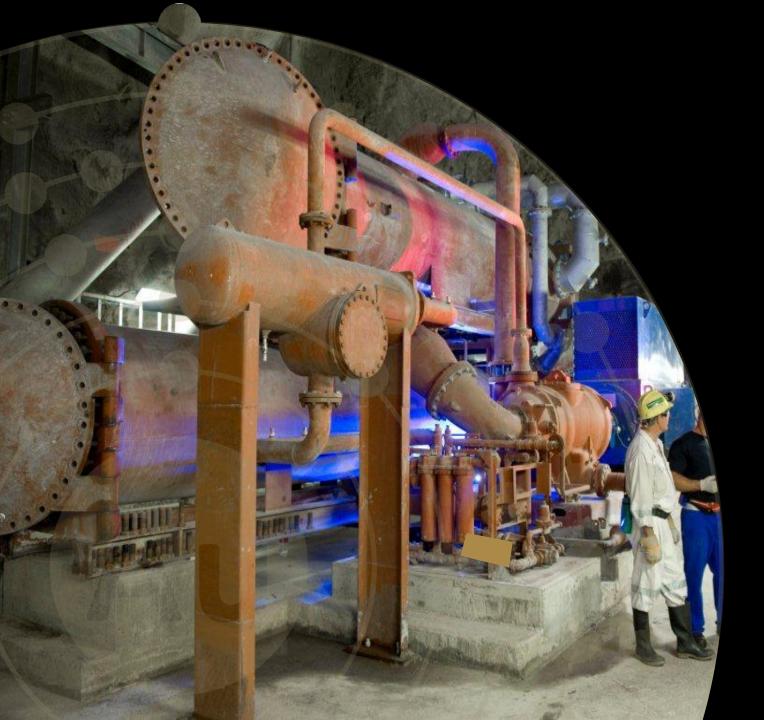
Mobile: +27 (0)82 888 1242

Email: marian@harmony.co.za

An exciting investment proposition



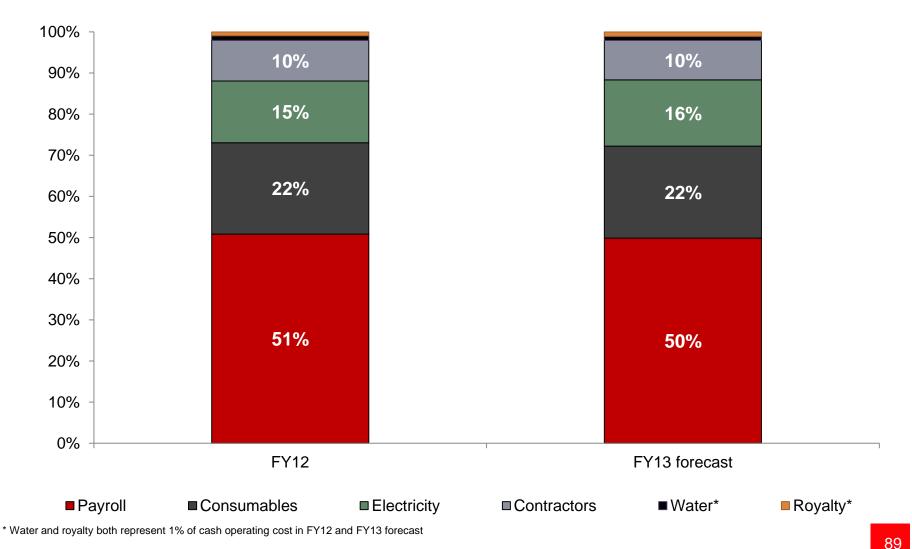
Appendix





Cash operating cost elements (continuing ops)







Corporate social investment



R84 million and A\$1.1 million was spent on community projects in SA and PNG respectively

Social-economic development contributions focus on

SA	PNG	
 Mathematics and science 	Health	
 Enterprise development 	Education	
 Arts, culture and sport and recreation 	Agriculture and infrastructure	

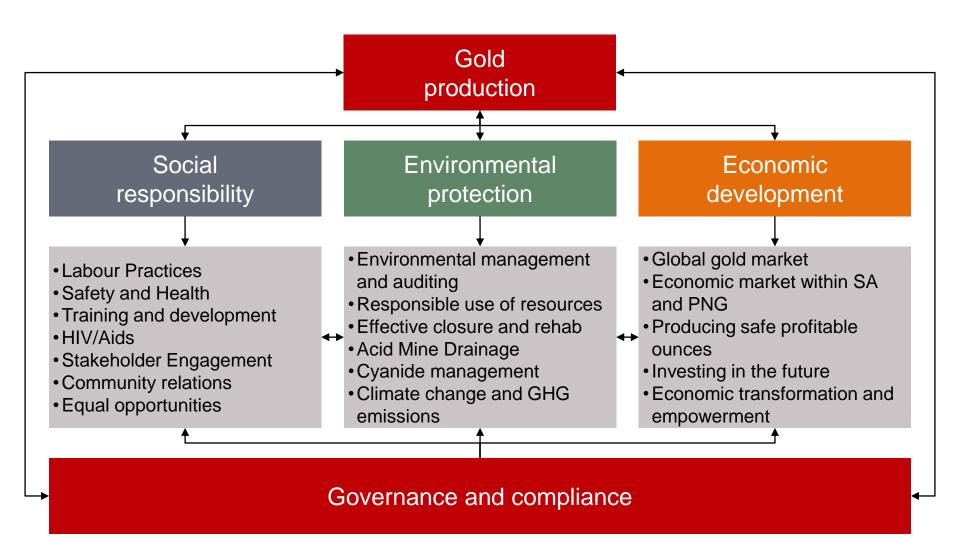
Local economic development and corporate social responsibility projects in SA for FY11

Local economic development (LED) projects	Corporate social responsibility (CSR) projects
Hostel de-densification	South African Agency for Science and Technology Advancement (SAASTA)
Taxi rank in Kutloanong	The Minerals Education Trust Fund
Harmony Jewellery school	South African Mathematics Foundation
ZR Mahabane brick-making cooperative	Student in Free Enterprise (SIFE)
Internship programmes	AuTEK Biomed
Nyakosoba – Harmony high school Mosambique Agriculture Farm Training Centre and Abattoir project	
Soweto disaster Management Centre	
Soweto and Welkom business centres	
Khutsong community centre	



Securing the future

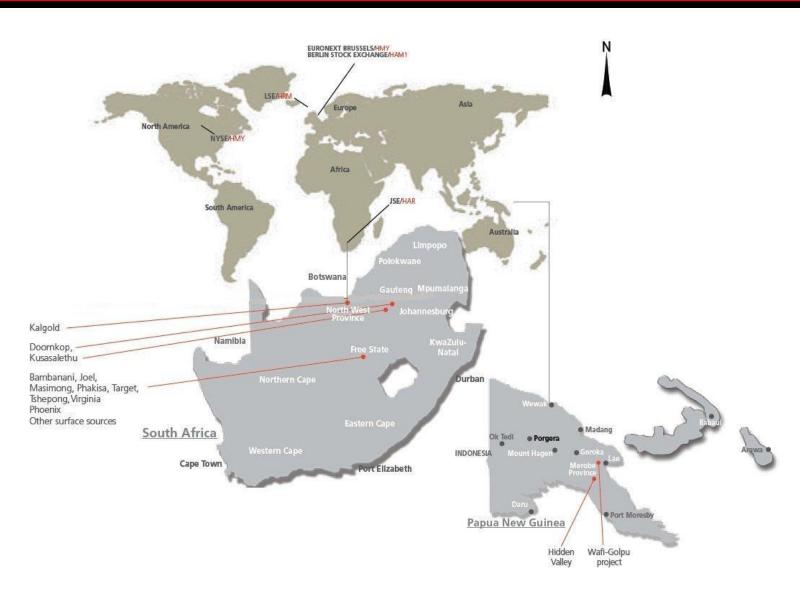




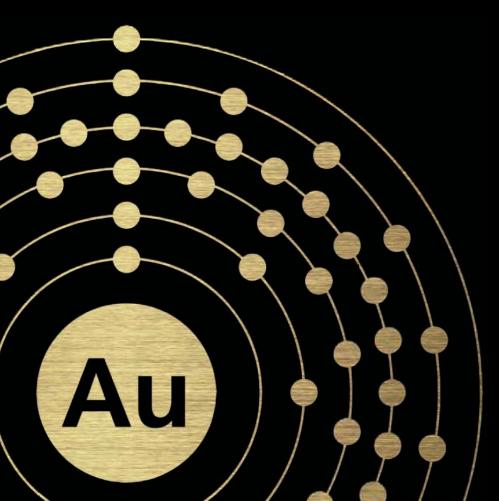


Operations Location Map









Henrika Basterfield

Investor Relations Manager

Tel: +27 (0)11 411 2314

Mobile: +27 (0)82 759 1775

Email: henrika@harmony.co.za

Marian van der Walt

Executive: Corporate and Investor Relations

Tel: +27 (0)11 411 2037

Mobile: +27 (0)82 888 1242

Email: marian@harmony.co.za

An exciting investment proposition