Hammony Gold Mining Company Limited ("Hammony" or "Company") Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa Registration number 1950/038232/06 JSE share code: HAR NYSE share code: HAR NYSE share code: HAR

Q2 FY15 RESULTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER and six months ended 31 DECEMBER 2014

KEY FEATURES Quarter on quarter

Quarter on quarter - Such African gopentions record a fatal-free quarter - Restructuring for safe, profitable quarkes continues - old production decreased by USG quarter on quarter due to stoppages at Kussalethu and Hidden Valley - Najority of operations perform in line with plans, with grade remaining consistent - Production profit of Rol3 am linon - Headiline loss of R496 million, due to lower production and restructuring

RESULTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

		Quarter Dec-14	Quarter Sep-14	Q-on-Q S variance %	ix months Ended Dec-14	Six months Ended Dec-13	Variance %
Gold produced	– kg	8 459	9 435	(10)	17 894	19 150	(7)
	– oz	271 963	303 341	(10)	575 304	615 686	(7)
Cash operating costs	– R/kg – US\$/oz	357 111 990	355 693 1 028	-4	356 364 1 008	316 517 981	(13) (3)
Gold sold	– kg	8 580	9 987	(14)	18 567	19 151	(3)
	– oz	275 851	321 089	(14)	596 940	615 717	(3)
Underground grade	- g/t	4.78	4.84	(1)	4.81	4.69	3
Total costs and capital	– R/kg – US\$/oz	437 708 1 213	418 910 1 210	(4)	427 797 1 210	382 407 1 185	(12) (2)
All-in sustaining costs	– R/kg	455 202	431 063	(6)	442 218	401 021	(10)
	– US\$/oz	1 262	1 245	(1)	1 251	1 242	(1)
Gold price received	– R/kg	432 963	443 690	(2)	438 733	422 386	4
	– US\$/oz	1 200	1 282	(6)	1 241	1 309	(5)
Production profit	- R million	618	913	(32)	1 532	2 022	(24)
	- US\$ million	55	85	(35)	138	201	(31)
Basic loss per share	- SAC/S	(197)	(61)	>(100)	(258)	(18)	>(100)
	- USC/S	(18)	(6)	>(100)	(23)	(2)	>(100)
Headline loss	– Rm	(496)	(266)	(86)	(763)	(71)	>(100)
	– US\$m	(44)	(25)	(76)	(69)	(7)	>(100)
Headline loss per share	- SAC/S	(114)	(61)	(87)	(175)	(16)	>(100)
	- USC/S	(10)	(6)	(67)	(16)	(2)	>(100)

Hammony's Integrated Annual Report and the Form 20-F filed with the United States' Securities and Exchange Commission for the Financial year ended 30 June 2014 are available on our website at http://www.hammory.co.za/investors/reporting/annual-reports

http://www.hammomy.co.za/investors/reporting/anual-reports. FRGWMPO-LOCKDS SINTBENTS This garterly report contact on early -looking statements within the meaning of the utilities statements are private Socurities (trigation medium Act of 1995 with respect to Hammoy's financial mis garterly report contact on sufficient states are strategies, constitution garterly espitiants, and objectives of management, markets for stock and other matters. Statements in this garter that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements are private Socurities (trigation medium provided by Section 2E of the LS. Securities charge Act of 1994, as amended, and Section 27A of the U.S. Securities and construction of 1994, as amended, and Section 27A of the U.S. Securities and constructions statements are not historical facts. These statements include financial projections and estimates and their underlying statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to future generations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance. Forward-looking statements are regarding for expectives and expectations with respect to future generations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance. Forward-looking statements are regarding for expectives and expectations with respect to future generations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance. Forward-looking statements are preaded by the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, including amount prevent, the future busines prospects, reversus and income of Hammoy, wherever they may occur in this garterly report and the exhibits to this garterly report, are necessarily identified to the work statements are considered. The service management of Hammoy and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from these suggested by the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, including those generations, including thos

CONTACT DETAILS

Corporate Office Randfontein Office Park PO Box 2, Randfontein, 1760, South Africa Corner Main Reef Road/Ward Avenue Randfontein, 1759, South Africa Telephone: +27 11 411 2000 Website: www.hanmony.co.za

Directors

Directors PT Motspepe[®] Chairman M Motloba[®], Deputy Chairman G P Briggs Chief Executive Officer F Abbott Financial Director F T TO Bucket Nicaal Independent director J A Chissano[®](1)A, K V Dicks[®], Or D S S Lushaba[®]A, C Markus[®]A, Mesimang[®]A, K T Mondung[®]A, V P Pillay [®]A, J L Wetton[®]A, A J Wilkens[®] * Non-executive A Independent (J) Motambican

Investor relations tear Email: HarmonvTR@harmonv.co.za

Marian van der Walt Executive: Corporate and Inv Tel: +27 (0)11 411 2037 Mobile: +27 (0)82 888 1242 Email: marian@harmony.co.za estor Relations

Bobo Ndinisa Investor Relations Tel: +27 (0)11 411 2137 / 057 904 4023 Mobile: +27 (0)79 783 2051 Email: bobo@harmony.co.za

Company Secretary

Riana Bisschoff Telephone: +27 (0)11 411 6020 Mobile: +27 (0)83 629 4706 E-mail: riana.bisschoff@harmony.co.za

South African Share Transfer Secretaries

Link Warket Services South Africa (Proprietary) Limited (Registration number 2000/007239/07) 13 Africor, Remie House 19 Ameshoff Street Braamfortein, 2001 00 Box 4844, Johannesburg, 2000, South Africa Telephone: +27 & 61 J4 6572 Fax: +27 & 66 74 2450 Email: meetTadylinkana/telservices.co.za

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Sponsor

Illovo Johannesburg, 2196 Private Bag X9936, Sandton, 2146, South Africa Telephone: +27 11 507 0300 Fax: +27 11 507 0503 Trading Symbols JSE Limited: HAR New York Stock Exchange, Inc: HMY Berlin Stock Exchange: HAM1

Registration number 1950/038232/06 Thcorporated in the Republic of South Africa

ADR(2) Depositary

J.P. Morgan Equities South Africa (Pty) Ltd 1 Fricker Road, corner Hurlingham Road 11]ovo

ISIN ZAE000015228

Competent person's declaration Hammony reports in terms of the South African Code for the Reporting of Exploration results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (SAWREC). In South Africa Hammony appoints an ore reserve manager at each of its operations who takes responsibility for the compilation and reporting of mineral resources and mineral reserves at their operations. In Papua New Guinea, competent persons are appointed for the mineral resources for specific projects and operations.

The mineral resources and mineral reserves in this report are based on information compiled by the following competent persons: Resources and Reserves South Africa: Jaco Boshoff, BSC (Hons), MSC, MBA, Pr. Sci. Nat., who has 19 years' relevant experience and is registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACMSP) and a member of the South African Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (SADM).

Resources and Resonase Ropus Name Guinas: Grogory Job, BSC, MSC, who has 26 years relevant experience and is a marker of the Australian Distribute of Mining and Netaling Vuestand, in Y ob has sufficient experience witch is relevant to the style of mining relevant under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australiasian Code for Reporting of Deploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the "JORC Code").

Mr Boshoff and Mr Job are full-time employees of Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited. These competent persons consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Mineral Resource and Reserve information as at 30 June 2014 has not changed.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION Issued ordinary share capital at 31 December 2014 Issued ordinary share capital at 30 September 2014	436 094 323 435 825 447
Market capitalisation At 31 December 2014 (ZSRm) At 31 December 2014 (USSm) At 30 September 2014 (ZARm) At 30 September 2014 (USSm)	9 424 815 10 765 953
Harmony ordinary shares and ADR prices	
12-month high (1 January 2014 - 31 December 2014) for ordinary shares	40.32
12-month low (1 January 2014 - 31 December 2014) for ordinary shares	17.00
12-month high (1 January 2014 - 31 December 2014) for ADRs	3.77
12-month low (1 January 2014 - 31 December 2014) for ADRs	1.56
Free float	100%
ADR ratio	1:1
JSE Limited	HAR
Range for quarter (1 October- 31 December 2014 closing prices)	R17.00 - R24.15
Average daily volume for the quarter (1 October - 31 December 2014)	2 977 951 shares
Range for quarter (1 July - 30 September 2014 closing prices)	R24.70 - R35.21
Average daily volume for the quarter (1 July - 30 September 2014)	706 279 shares
New york stock exchange including other US trading platforms	HMY
Range for quarter (1 October- 31 December 2014 closing prices)	US\$1.56 - US\$2.20
Average daily volume for the quarter (1 October - 31 December 2014)	4 492 693
Range for quarter (1 July - 30 September 2014 closing prices)	US\$2.16 - US\$3.29
Average daily volume for the quarter (1 July - 30 September 2014)	1 771 208
Investors' calendar	2015
Q3 FY15 presentation (webcast and conference calls only)	8 May 2015
Q4 FY15 live presentation from Johannesburg	18 August 2015
Q1 FY15 presentation (webcast and conference calls only)	5 November 2015
Annual General Meeting	20 November 2015

MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

 OMETY Management and employees are commended for their efforts and committeent for a deep level underground gold mining company. Management and employees are commended for their efforts and committeent to achieving zero harm.

(PNG). An employee was fatally injured when struck by a reversing loader in the milling area. The matter was investigated and safety standards were reinforced.

2.00.PU - A GWE GANGER The results of the updated Golpu prefeasibility study (PFS) were announced on the 15th of December 2014. Please refer to our website for more details: www hanmony.co.za.

The updated PFS supports our view that Golpu is a spectacular ore body with a large copper component, affordable and immeable. Our emphasis in preparing the PFS was to create flexibility to allow the size of the project to adapt to different levels of gold and copper prices, allowing Golpu to grow over time.

Key objectives of the study have been achieved by reducing the capital of the project, lowering operating costs and improving the rate of return. Harmony intends to fluid the earlier stages of the project from internal cash flows, and reviewing other funding options for the latter stages.

Our application for an environmental germit has been submitted to the Papua New Guinean Department of Environment and Conservation. The permit relates to advanced exploration and feasibility support activities, comprising development of access roads, decline development to the ore body and associated works.

The Stage 2 Concept Study was completed and demonstrated a technically feasible and economically viable plan to mine and process the remaining portion of the Golpu copper-gold reserve after depletion of Stage 1.

The Golpu project is a significant value accretive game-changer for Hanmony.

3. OFBATIONUL RESULTS Most of the South African operations delivered in line with their operational plans. Tshecong had an exceptional performance, delivered a consistent performance quarter on quarter, with Benbanni being our most profilable mine at a cash operating cost of R253 000/kg, Target 3 was placed on care and maintenance as planed.

as planned. On 2 December 2014, Harmony announced that a new plan would be implemented to return Kussasilethu to profitability. The new plan will entail mining lower volumes at higher grades at a reduced cost. Successilethue has not returned to profitability further exacerbated by four fires and associated illegal mining activities during the past quarter. Harmony's intention is to restore Kussalethu to profitability by the end of the fourth quarter of the current financial year and us have commend with a Section 189 process in terms of the Labour Relations Act to restructure the mine.

the mine. Hidden valley also contributed to the quarter's lower production, due to a fatality and a belt tear on the overland conveyor (0x.Q). Both resulted in production stoppages at the mine. There was no structural damage to the O.C., but belt replacement work was not completed until languidal plant in the first half of 2015 for the o.C. and the metal languidal plant in the first half of 2015 replaced. One was hauled to the mill by truck during this period, adversely impacting costs.

Gold production during the March 2015 quarter is expected to be higher once Kussalethu's restructuring is finalised and Hidden valley returns to full production, positioning our operations to benefit from higher gold prices. Lower gold production quarter on quarter and a lower gold price resulted in a decrease in production profit to R618 million in the December 2014 quarter, compared to R913 million in the previous quarter.

cash operating cost for the December 2014 quarter improved (decreased) by 10% when compared to the previous quarter. The decreases is due to lower electricity tariffs for the summary by RS3 million in the December 2014 quarter. Capital expenditure for the December 2014 quarter increased by 24K to RS62 million, compared to RS56 million in the september 2014 quarter, due to major capital being spent at Phakis and maintenance capital expenditure at most of the operations. However, we are still below the planesd capital Degrading for FAS.

4. FINANCIAL RESULTS Revenue decreased by R716 million (168) to R3 715 million as a result of the 14% decrease in gold sold to S \$30kg and a 2% decrease in the Rand gold price received to R432 963/kg in the December 2014 quarter.

Production costs for decreases in production costs in the becomer 2014 quarter is mainly a result of the decrease in the electricity, cost of R200 million due to the decrease in the electricity price tariffs and Target 3 having been placed on care and maintenance at the end of the September 2014 quarter.

Septement of thems in cluded in cost of sales increased to R272 million other items included in cost of sales increased to R272 million in the December 2014 quarter, mainly as a result of employment termination and restructuring costs of R182 million which include the retrendments of management in service areas and employees at Mussalethu, Target 3 and Ernest Oppenheimer Hospital.

air Nussavierum, Target 3 and Ernest Oppenheimer Hospital. Scrapping of property, plant and equipment we entarked on a life-of-mine optimisation process which was completed during the becenber 2014 quarter. The optimisation resulted in a greater focus on mining portiable and higher energing lower grade and unportiable areas from the mine plan for most of the operations. In the case of Kussalettu and Masimong the optimisation lead to the abandoment of levels and areas with a carrying value and such areas were accordingly identified for scrapping.

Screpting. Other expenses – net The decrease to R52 million in expenses in the December 2014 guarter is mainly due to a reduced foreign exchange translation loss recorded on the USS syndicated loan of R69 million compared to the second second second second second second second mainly second at 31 December 2014.

Loan to associate During the December 2014 quarter, Rand Refinery Proprietary Limited drew down on the shareholders loan, of which Hanmony's portion is R120 million.

purcian is REZD million. Borrowings The increase in the amount recorded on the balance sheet is due to the translation effect on the drawn amount of USS 270 million. Hammory secured a new revolving credit facility of up to USS250 million with a three year duration. The facility matures in February 2018.

5. GALD MARKET During the December 2014 quarter the average US dollar gold profits resolved detensived by 68 to USSI 200(ac, in comparison to profits resolved detensived by 68 to USSI 200(ac, in comparison to profits resolved detensived by 68 to USSI 200(ac, in comparison to profits by the weakening of the rand dollar exchange rate to RIL22/USS, compared to RUR.77/USS in the september 2014 quarter, As a result, the rand gold price received decreased qua on quarter from R43 600/kgt NR42 563/kg.

ed quarte

The company is positioned to remain competitive in times of low gold prices and benefit from higher gold prices.

6. RESTRUCTURING FOR PROFITMELITY 6.1 Closure of Target 3 the restructuring process, which began in August 2014, was concluded during the December 2014 quarter following the signing of the agreement with all representative trade unions. The majority of the affected employees were absorbed at other operations.

The hospital was licensed for 450 patients. Occupancy had, however dropped to below 100. The unit was therefore economically inefficient. As a result, we decided to close EOH. Most of the functions that EOH rendered have been moved to other hospitals in the Welkom area.

Discussions with the Department of Health as new potential owners of 60H are advanced. Should the transaction be concluded, it will enhance the ability of the province to supply healthcare to the community.

communty. G.3 Restructuring of Kusasalethu Gn 2 December 2014, notice was given to all representative trade unions of our intention to restructure kusasalethu. Agreement was reached on the establishment of a task team to oversee the fair implementation of any mitigaring alternatives to retrechoment, which includes transfers to other operations, voluntary separations, early retriements and re-sål ling.

6.4 Voluntary separations for management There were 59 management employees who opted for voluntary retrenchment or early retrement package as part of the central services management restructuring process.

Service management restructuring process. 6.5 Financial effects of the restructuring or operations, will contribute to a more profitable Hannowy in the future. Unprofitable areas have been scrapped to the value of R214 million at kussalethum and R216 million at Masimong, Refer to financial results above. Retrendment costs of R182 million have been recorded for the quarter.

WGE NEGOTIATIONS 2015 Preparations for this year's wage negotiations are under way, with the Gold Wage Caucus meeting regularly, both under the auspices of the Chamber of Mines and independently.

and status or mines and integrated();
 Hamony is engaging with all union shop stewards on the fundamentals of gold mining, Hamony's cost structures and the marginality of our operations, we have also increased our aware of the importance of being at work, being productive and earning their salaries and bonuses.

DOBE SUPPLY
 Since Howerks 2014, the electricity supply in South Africa has been under pressure, with Toad shedding occurring at short notice. The power supplier, Eskon, announced that this will continue in the medium term. Load shedding has resulted in production losses during the quarter.

To ensure that our employees remain safe, especially while a shift is underground and that production continues, electricity needs to be managed efficiently, thus we have implemented the following mitigating measures:

We are focusing our efforts on the reduction and optimisation of the use of electricity at each operation. Our emphasis is on reducing our electricity demand especially during peak times.

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Remaining industrial geysers are being replaced with heat pumps which will be finalised in March 2015. We have commissioned a study to identify direct purchase opportunities from Independent Power Producers and other opportunities to source electricity outside of Eskon. The study also focuses on bringing renewable energy into our energy portfolio.

Hammony is a member of the EIUG (Energy Intensive User Group of Southern Africa), who are collaborating with the Minister of Energy to implement plans in an attempt to stabilise the electricity supply risks in South Africa.

9. SILICOSIS Hamory, anglo American South Africa, AngloGold Ashanti, Gold Fields and Sibanye Gold announced in November 2014, that they have formed an industry working group to address issues relating to compensation and medical care for occupational lung disease in the gold mining industry in South Africa.

The companies have begun to engage all stakeholders on these matters, including government, organised labour, other mining companies and legal representatives of claimants who have filed legal suits against the companies. These legal proceedings are being defended.

Being we can be a seeking a comprehensive solution which deals both with the legacy compensation issues and future legal frameworks and which, while being fair to employees, also ensure the future sustainability of companies in the industry.

10. HORE EXCITENCY FROM PAG (karmoy's Subj camed exploration area) brilling at kill reke is currently in progress with 732m completed by quarter end. At this very early stage of the drilling program, the broad zones of anomalism and their associated alteration styles and interstity are highly encouraging.

and micensity are mighly encouraging. The line of the second seco

LILORCLIST In this county environment of voltatile gold prices and possible in the county environment is a refocused is note that ever on cost control) and cash generation as cristing operations. In addition, shareholder value is created through investing in Colpu, securing a sustainable, profitable future for harmory.

Graham Briggs Chief Executive Officer

THE INVESTMENT CASE FOR HARMONY

Firstly, we are the nost efficient South African gold miner, by focusing on ways to improve our safety, production and cash operating costs. In addition, we are a compay that's focused gain - we aim to provide increasing long-term benefits, we are able to do this primarily by funding our ow capital, which puts us in control of our business and exables us to make decisions that have a real impact on our profitability.

Take a test impact of our profession region and the second second

mediation of hog term. one of our key strengths at Harmony is our understanding of where we operate – on both an economic and a social level. The countries in which we operate and have experience, South Africa and Pagua New Grinea, are both emerging economies. They are developing countries and we are able to contribute to local communities in a way that can make a lasting difference. For this reason, we wholeheartedly embrace our social licences to mine and endeavour to go beyond compliance.

The final reason to invest in Hanmony is Golpu. It's a resource that we're sure will develop into a world-class copper gold mine, and will allow us to sustain our business well into the future.

Extract from the Integrated Report for the financial year 2014 "Chief executive officer discusses the major issues of FY14 and beyond"

www.harmony.co.za

Q2 FY15 RAND RESULTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 December 2014 Operating results (Rand/Metric) (US\$/Imperial)

											South Afr	rica								
								Underg	round product	tion					Surface p	roduction				
		Three months Ended	Kusasa- lethu	Doornkop	Phakisa	Tshepong	Masimong	Target 1	Bambanani	Joel	Unisel	Target 3	Total Underground	Phoenix	Dumps	Kalgold	Total Surface	Total South Africa	Hidden Valley	Total Harmony
Ore milled	- t'000	Dec-14 Sep-14	186 290	162 136	142 158	269 259	188 185	203 183	56 59	139 146	111 114	9 81	1 465 1 611	1 555 1 609	666 636	366 393	2 587 2 638	4 052 4 249	384 521	4 436 4 770
Gold produced	– kg	Dec-14 Sep-14	775 1 334	727 619	773 855	1 210 1 078	705 698	1 010 1 042	664 727	629 533	471 477	41 442	7 005 7 805	223 233	218 222	343 326	784 781	7 789 8 586	670 849	8 459 9 435
Gold produced	- oz	Dec-14 Sep-14	24 917 42 889	23 374 19 901	24 852 27 489	38 902 34 658	22 666 22 441	32 472 33 501	21 348 23 374	20 223 17 136	15 143 15 336	1 318 14 211	225 215 250 936	7 170 7 491	7 009 7 137	11 028 10 481	25 207 25 109	250 422 276 045	21 541 27 296	271 963 303 341
Yield	– g/tonne	Dec-14 Sep-14	4,17 4,60	4,49 4,55	5,44 5,41	4,50 4,16	3,75 3,77	4,98 5,69	11,86 12,32	4,53 3,65	4,24 4,18	4,56 5,46	4,78 4,84	0,14 0,14	0,33 0,35	0,94 0,83	0,30 0,30	1,92 2,02	1,74 1,63	1,91 1,98
Cash operating	– R/kg	Dec-14 Sep-14	590 241 414 573	360 688 440 977	369 639 346 363	327 527 369 139	351 210 367 828	283 716 285 610	252 893 242 113	294 693 369 818	346 295 371 111	386 049 349 385	352 329 356 054	317 238 328 605	376 101 385 590	362 942 373 819	353 601 363 676	352 457 356 748	411 216 345 028	357 <u>111</u> 355 693
Cash operating costs	- \$/oz	Dec-14 Sep-14	1 636 1 198	1 000 1 274	1 025 1 001	908 1 067	973 1 063	786 825	701 699	817 1 069	960 1 072	1 071 1 009	977 1 029	879 949	1 042 1 114	1 006 1 080	980 1 051	977 1 031	1 140 997	990 1 028
Cash operating costs	– R/tonne	Dec-14 Sep-14	2 459 1 907	1 619 2 007	2 012 1 874	1 473 1 536	1 317 1 388	1 412 1 626	2 999 2 983	1 334 1 350	1 469 1 553	1 759 1 907	1 685 1 725	45 48	123 135	340 310	107 108	678 721	717 562	681 704
Gold sold	– Kg	Dec-14 Sep-14	844 1 433	716 697	774 868	1 211 1 096	705 709	992 1 090	665 739	655 630	472 485	40 462	7 074 8 209	221 258	215 239	324 358	760 855	7 834 9 064	746 923	8 580 9 987
Gold sold	- oz	Dec-14 Sep-14	27 135 46 072	23 020 22 409	24 885 27 907	38 934 35 237	22 666 22 795	31 893 35 044	21 380 23 759	21 059 20 255	15 175 15 593	1 286 14 854	227 433 263 925	7 105 8 295	6 912 7 684	10 417 11 510	24 434 27 489	251 867 291 414	23 984 29 675	275 851 321 089
Revenue	(R'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	368 922 635 948	310 710 309 439	334 833 385 455	523 472 486 350	305 679 314 566	428 602 483 669	288 451 328 079	283 735 279 430	204 258 215 453	17 519 204 975	3 066 181 3 643 364	95 610 114 586	92 441 106 905	139 917 158 640	327 968 380 131	3 394 149 4 023 495	320 670 407 641	3 714 819 4 431 136
Cash operating costs	(R'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	457 437 553 041	262 220 272 965	285 731 296 140	396 308 397 932	247 603 256 744	286 553 297 606	167 921 176 016	185 362 197 113	163 105 177 020	15 828 154 428	2 468 068 2 779 005	70 744 76 565	81 990 85 601	124 489 121 865	277 223 284 031	2 745 291 3 063 036	275 515 292 929	3 020 806 3 355 965
Inventory	(R'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	24 957 29 247	(5 034) 35 654	5 278 1 826	1 831 9 085	2 797 1 274	(2 277) 13 923	4 359 (1 481)	11 097 25 540	2 143 (11)	(321) 7 238	44 830 122 295	(319) 9 620	(393) 6 603	(4 271) 9 954	(4 983) 26 177	39 847 148 472	35 755 13 517	75 602 161 989
Operating costs	(R'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	482 394 582 288	257 186 308 619	291 009 297 966	398 139 407 017	250 400 258 018	284 276 311 529	172 280 174 535	196 459 222 653	165 248 177 009	15 507 161 666	2 512 898 2 901 300	70 425 86 185	81 597 92 204	120 218 131 819	272 240 310 208	2 785 138 3 211 508	311 270 306 446	3 096 408 3 517 954
Production profit	(R'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	(113 472) 53 660	53 524 820	43 824 87 489	125 333 79 333	55 279 56 548	144 326 172 140	116 171 153 544	87 276 56 777	39 010 38 444	2 012 43 309	553 283 742 064	25 185 28 401	10 844 14 701	19 699 26 821	55 728 69 923	609 011 811 987	9 400 101 195	618 411 913 182
Production profit	(\$'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	(10 112) 4 984	4 770 76	3 905 8 127	11 170 7 370	4 927 5 253	12 862 15 991	10 353 14 264	7 777 5 275	3 476 3 571	179 4 023	49 307 68 934	2 244 2 638	967 1 366	1 756 2 490	4 967 6 494	54 274 75 428	838 9 400	55 <u>112</u> 84 828
Capita] expenditure	(R'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	122 185 124 368	73 259 55 554	127 836 85 185	87 070 83 513	48 441 40 526	69 120 73 614	39 338 24 540	59 654 30 778	31 380 29 229	20 437	658 283 567 744	414 634	2 487 503	8 770 6 420	11 671 7 557	669 954 575 301	11 814 21 153	681 768 596 454
Capita] expenditure	(\$'000)	Dec-14 Sep-14	10 888 11 553	6 528 5 160	11 392 7 913	7 759 7 758	4 317 3 765	6 160 6 838	3 506 2 280	5 316 2 859	2 796 2 715	1 898	58 662 52 739	37 59	222 47	782 596	1 041 702	59 703 53 441	1 053 1 965	60 756 55 406
Cash operating cost and capital	– R/kg	Dec-14 Sep-14	747 899 507 803	461 457 530 725	535 016 445 994	399 486 446 609	419 921 425 888	352 151 356 257	312 137 275 868	389 533 427 563	412 919 432 388	386 049 395 622	446 303 428 796	319 094 331 326	387 509 387 856	388 510 393 512	368 487 373 352	438 470 423 752	428 849 369 943	437 708 418 910
Cash operating cost and capital	- \$/oz	Dec-14 Sep-14	2 073 1 467	1 279 1 533	1 483 1 289	1 107 1 290	1 164 1 231	976 1 029	865 797	1 080 1 235	1 144 1 249	1 071 1 143	1 237 1 239	884 957	1 074 1 121	1 077 1 137	1 021 1 079	1 215 1 224	1 189 1 069	1 213 1 210
All-in sustaining costs	– R/kg	Dec-14 Sep-14	743 336 516 475	470 383 542 644	503 210 455 711	416 470 467 277	443 880 443 372	374 820 369 043	303 254 271 532	376 107 402 722	435 600 446 757	405 170 410 359	454 139 438 942	320 538 336 607	404 276 398 180	414 402 404 573	384 243 382 277	447 513 433 919	535 921 403 002	455 202 431 063
All-in sustaining costs	– \$/oz	Dec-14 Sep-14	2 060 1 492	1 304 1 568	1 395 1 317	1 154 1 350	1 230 1 281	1 039 1 066	841 785	1 042 1 164	1 207 1 291	1 123 1 186	1 259 1 268	889 973	1 121 1 150	1 149 1 169	1 065 1 104	1 240 1 254	1 486 1 163	1 262 1 245
The unaudited con Hannony Gold Mini financial directo not been audited	ng Company L r, Frank Abb	imited's o ott and ap	corporate re oproved by t	porting team	1 headed by	Herman Per	rry. This pr	ocess was :	supervised by	the	ve									

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (Rand)

		Quarter ende	d	Six mont	hs ended	
	31 Dec	30 Sep	31 Dec	31 Dec	31 Dec	30 June
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
Figures in million	Note (Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Reviewed)	(Audited)
Revenue	3 715	4 431	4 071	8 146	8 089	15 682

Cost of sales	2	(3 970)	(4 319)	(3 817)	(8 289)	(7 552)	(16 088)
Production costs Amortisation and depreciation Impairment of assets		(3 096) (602)	(3 518) (650)	(3 086) (565)	(6 614) (1 252)	(6 067) (1 142)	(11 888) (2 143) (1 439)
Other items		(272)	(151)	(166)	(423)	(343)	(618)
Gross (loss)/profit Corporate, administration and other		(255)	112	254	(143)	537	(406)
expenditure social investment expenditure Exploration expenditure Profit on sale of property, plant and		(83) (15) (95)	(111) (24) (85)	(102) (21) (112)	(194) (39) (180)	(210) (59) (254)	(430) (88) (458)
equipment		1	-	-	1	-	30
Loss on scrapping of property, plant and equipment Other expenses (net) Operating loss Profit/(loss) from associates (Impairment)/profit on disposal of	4 6 5	(430) (52) (929)	(187) (295)	(140) (121) 4	(430) (239) (1 224)	(139) (125) 7	(208) (1 560) (109)
investments Net gain on financial instruments Investment income Finance cost Loss before taxation Taxation Normal taxation Deferred taxation		8 59 (67) (929) 73 (4) 77	7 51 (65) (302) 36 1 35	39 50 (57) (85) (6) (6)	15 110 (132) (1 231) 109 (3) 112	(7) 113 95 (117) (34) (44) (49) 5	7 170 220 (277) (1 549) 279 (24) 303
Net loss for the period		(856)	(266)	(91)	(1 122)	(78)	(1 270)
Owners of the parent	3	(856)	(266)	(91)	(1 122)	(78)	(1 270)
Loss per ordinary share (cents) Basic loss Diluted loss	3	(197) (197)	(61) (61)	(21) (21)	(258) (258)	(18) (18)	(293) (293)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Rand)

(Rand)	110 1100-2						
	31 Dec	Quarter ended	Six 31 Dec	months ended 31 Dec	31 Dec	30 June	
Figure is silling	2014 (Unaudited)	30 Sep 2014 (Unaudited)	2013	2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Reviewed)	30 June 2014 (Audited)	
Figures in million Net loss for the period Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the	(Unaudi ted) (856)	(Unaudi ted) (266)	(Uaudited) (91)	(Unaudi ted) (1 122)	(Reviewed) (78)	(Audi ted) (1 270)	
period, net of income tax	(114)	179	378	65	(317)	(140)	
period, net of income tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	(114)	179	378	65	(317)	(109)	
Foreign exchange translation	(114)	179	370 8	65	(324)	(108) (1)	
Movements on investments Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:	-	-	-	-	-	(31)	
to profit or loss: Actuarial loss recognised during the year Deferred tax thereon		_	2	-	-	(38) 7	
Total comprehensive							
(loss)/income for the period Attributable to:	(970)	(87)	287	(1 057)	(395)	(1 410)	
Owners of the parent	(970)	(87)	287	(1 057)	(395)	(1 410)	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of	these condense	d consolidated	I financial state	ements.			
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN	EQUITY (Rand)						
for the six months ended 31 December 2014 (unau	dited)		(Accumulated	ł			
	Share	Other	loss), retaine	/			
Figures in million	capital	reserves	earning				
Balance - 30 June 2014	28 325	3 539	(822)				
Share-based payments Net loss for the period		129	(1 122)	(1 122)			
Other comprehensive income for the period Balance – 31 December 2014 Balance – 30 June 2013	28 325 28 325	65 3 733	(1 944)	- 65) 30 114			
	28 325	3 442 145	44	- 145			
Net loss for the period Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	(317)	(78)) (78) - (317)			
Balance - 31 December 2013	28 325	3 270	370	31 965			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of The condensed consolidated statement of changes	these condense	d consolidated	I financial state	ements.	hoon na davad		
	s in equity for	the six montr	is ended at Decer	ider 2015 has	been reviewed.		
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Rand)			At	At	At	At	
			31 Dec 2014	30 Sep 2014	30 June 2014	31 Dec 2013	
Figures in million		No	te (Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited) ((Reviewed)	
ASSETS Non-current assets							
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets			4 32 843 883	33 232 885	33 069 886	32 663 2 193	
Restricted cash Restricted investments			42	38	42	38	
Restricted investments Deferred tax assets Investments in associates			2 366 71	2 329 76	2 299 81	2 180 91	
Investments in associates Loan to associate			5 520	-	-	115	
Loan to associate Investments in financial assets Inventories			5	4 50	4 50	4 57	
Total non-current assets			36 380	36 614	36 431	37 341	
Current assets			4 227	4 200			
Inventories Trade and other receivables			1 337 822	1 390 693	1 534 951	1 423 1 149	
Income and mining taxes Restricted cash			43 15	94 15	110 15	106 15	
Cash and cash equivalents			1 374 3 591	2 281 4 473	1 829 4 439	2 323	
Non-current assets and assets of disposal group sale	os classified a	s held for			-	46	
Total current assets			3 591	4 473	4 439	5 062	
Total assets			39 971	41 087	40 870	42 403	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES							
Share capital and reserves Share capital			28 325	28 325	28 325	28 325	
Other reserves (Accumulated loss)/retained earnings			3 733 (1 944)	28 325 3 787 (1 088)	28 325 3 539 (822)	3 270 370	
Total equity			30 114	31 024	31 042	31 965	
Non-current liabilities			2 562	2.640	2 600	2 000	
Provision for environmental rehabilitation			2 170	2 640 2 148	2 680 2 098	3 000 2 016	
Deferred tax liabilities Provision for environmental rehabilitation Retirement benefit obligation Other non-current liabilities			255 7 42	251 40	247 95	201 71	
Borrowings Total non-current liabilities			6 <u>5 029</u>	5 079	2 860 7 980	3 280 8 568	
Ourcent liabilities							
Borrowings			6 3 121	3 052	-	-	
Income and mining taxes Trade and other payables Total current liabilities			1 707 4 828	1 923 4 984	1 848 1 848	1 870	
						1 870	
Total equity and liabilities			39 971	41 087	40 870	42 403	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of	these condense	d consolidated	I financial state	ements.			
	Qua	rter ended		Six months en	ded	Year ended	
	31 Dec 2014	30 Sep 2014	31 Dec 2013	31 Dec 2014	31 Dec 2013	30 June 2014	
	(Unaudited) ((Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	
Figures in million Cash flow from operating activities			Restated*	,	Restated#		
Cash flow from operating activities Cash (utilised)/generated by operations Interest and dividends received Interest paid	(64) 30	1 071 25	727	1 007 55	1 031 58	2 247 139	
Interest paid Income and mining taxes refunded/(paid)	(23) 39	(23) 25	(21) (28)	(46) 64	(50) (28)	(121)	
	(18)	1 098	710	1 080	1 011	2 268	
activities Cash flow from investing activities			710	1 000	1 011		
(Increase)/decrease in restricted cash Decrease/(increase) in restricted investments Proceeds on disposal of investments	(4)	4 1	-	1	-	(6) (24)	
Loan to associate	(120)	-		(120)		51	
Other investing activities Net additions to property, plant and	-	-	(1)	-	(10)	-	
	(748) (872)	(651) (646)	(651) (652)	(1 399) (1 518)	(1 335) (1 345)	(2 661) (2 640))
Cash utilised by investing activities Cash flow from financing activities Borrowings raised	-	-	(052)		612	(2 040) 612	
Borrowings repaid Borrowings repaid Cash (utilised)/generated by financing	-	-	(3)	-	(6)	(468)	
	-	-	(3)	-	606	144	
Foreign currency translation adjustments Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash	(17)	-	(20)	(17)	(38)	(32)	
equivalents Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of	(907)	452	35	(455)	234	(260)	
cash and cash equivalents – end of period	2 281 1 374	1 829 2 281	2 288 2 323	1 829 1 374	2 089 2 323	2 089 1 829	
	1 30 7			± 30 1	- 355	1 023	

(1) Includes capital expenditure for Waff-Golpu and other international projects of R1 million in the December 2014 quarter (September 2014 quarter: R15 million) (December 2013 quarter: Rn1) and R12 million in the year ended 30 June 2014.

Cash generated by operating activities and cash utilised by investing activities previously reported as R683 million and (R625 million) restated to R710 million and (R625 million) respectively in the December 2013 quarter. This is mainly related to the change in accounting policy for IFRIC 20.

Cash generated by operating activities and cash utilised by investing activities previously reported as R918 million and (R1 252 million) restated to R1 011 million and (R1 345 million) respectively in the six months ended 31 December 2013. This is mainly related to the change in accounting policy for IFRIC 20.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2014 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, interim Financial Reporting, JSE Listings Requirements, SAICA Financial Reporting Quides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council, and in the mamer required by the Companies Act of South Africa. They should be read in conjunction with the annual Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS). The accounting policies are consistent with those described in the annual financial statements, except for the adoption of applicable revised and/or new standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The following accounting standards, amendments to standards and new interpretations have been adopted with effect from 1 July 2014 and had no impact on the financial results of the group:

IFRSs Annual Improvements 2010 - 2012 Cycle IAS 32 Amendment - Presentation - OffSetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities IAS 36. Amendment - Impainment of Assets - Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets

	IFRIC 21 Levies						
2.	Cost of sales		Quarter ended	i	Six n	ionths ended	Very ended
	Figures in million	31 Dec 2014 (Unaudited)	30 Sep 2014 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2013 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2014 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2013 (Reviewed)	Year ended 30 June 2014 (Audited)
	Production costs - excluding royalty Royalty expense Amortisation and depreciation Impairment of assets Rehabilitation expenditure/(credit)(1) Care and maintenance cost of	3 074 22 602 5	3 486 32 650 14	3 047 39 565 (15)	6 560 54 1 252 - 19	5 990 77 1 142 -	11 761 127 2 143 1 439 8
	restructured shafts Employment termination and	20	17	18	37	35	66
	restructuring costs(2) Share-based payments	182 66	48 73	50 113	230 139	144 164	274 270
	Other Total cost of sales	(1) 3 970	(1) 4 319	3 817	(2) 8 289	7 552	16 088

(1) Included in the December 2014 quarter is a credit of R11 million as a result of work performed in the Free State and at Deelkraal, resulting in a reduction in the rehabilitation liability.

(2) The September 2014 quarter total includes amounts provided for employees of Target 3. The December 2014 quarter total includes amounts relating to management retrenchments and retrenchment of employees at Target 3, Ernest Oppenheimer Hospital and a provision for Kusasalethu.

3. (Loss)/earnings per share

	Qua	rter ended	5	Six months ende	d	Year ended	
	31 Dec 2014 (Unaudited)	30 Sep 2014 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2013 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2014 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2013 (Reviewed)	30 June 2014 (Audited)	
weighted average number of shares							
(million)	434.2	434.1	432.9	434.1	432.8	433.2	
weighted average number of diluted	435.2	435.4	433.4	436.1	433.8	434.7	
shares (million)	435.2	435.4	433.4	450.1	433.8	434.7	
Total (loss)/earnings per share (cents): Basic loss	(197)	(61)	(21)	(258)	(19)	(202)	
Diluted loss	(197)	(61) (61)	(21) (21)	(258)	(18) (18)	(293) (293)	
Headline (loss)/earnings	(114)	(61)	(21)	(175)	(16)	26	
Diluted headline (loss)/earnings	(114)	(61)	(21)	(175)	(16)	26	
Figures in million	()	(11)	()	()	()		
Reconciliation of headline (loss)/							
earnings:							
Net loss	(856)	(266)	(91)	(1 122)	(78)	(1 270)	
Adjusted for:							
Impairment/(profit on disposal) of investments1					7	(7)	
Impainment of assets	-	-	-	-	/	(7) 1 439	
Taxation effect on impairment of assets	_	_	_	_	_	(24)	
Profit on sale of property, plant and						(24)	
equipment	(1)	-	-	(1)	-	(30)	
Taxation effect of profit on sale of	(-)			(-)			
property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Loss on scrapping of property, plant and							
equipment	430	-	-	430	-	-	
Taxation effect on loss of scrapping of				(600)			
property, plant and equipment	(69)			(69)	(74)		
Headline (loss)/earnings (1) There is no taxation effect on these items.	(496)	(266)	(91)	(763)	(71)	114	

4

Loss on scrapping of property, plant and equipment During the financial year, management and the South African operations embarked on a life-of-mine optimisation process which was finalised at the end of the December 2024 quarter. The optimisation ensured greater focus on mining profitable and higher grade areas at our operations and therefore resulted in the abandonment of lower grade and unprofitable areas from the life-of-mine plan for most of the operations.

In the case of kusasalethu and Masimong, the optimisation lead to the abandoment of levels and ansex with a carrying value. I abandoment of these areas, resulted in the derecognition of property, plant and equipment as no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal and a loss on scrapping of property, plant and equipment of R214 million on kusasalethu and R216 million on Masimong was recorded in the December 2014 quarter.

Intestant, in associate Hamory holks a 10.38% share in Rand Refinery Proprietary Limited (Rand Refinery). Due to the issues experienced at Rand Refinery following the implementation of a new Enterprise Resource Planning (BBP) system on 1.4pril 2013, Hamory provided for its full share of loss for the inventory discrepancy and necognised a H227 million loss in the June 2014 quarter. 5.

As a precautionary measure following the challenges experienced by the implementation of the software system, Rand Refinery's shareholders have extended Rand Refinery an irrevocable, subordinated loan facility of up to RL2 billion. The facility is convertible to equity after a period of two years. The agreements relating to the facility were signed on 23 July 2014.

During the December 2014 quarter, Rand Refinery Proprietary Limited drew down R1.02 billion on the shareholders loan. Hanmony's portion of the shareholders' loan was R120 million. Interest on the facility is JIBAR plus a margin of 3.5%.

Borranings The drawn level on the USS syndicated revolving credit facility remains at US220 million. The weakening of the Rand against the USS resulted in a foreign exchange translation loss of R60 million being recorded in the December 2014 quarter (September 2014 quarter: R322 million), increasing the Dorrowings balance and other expenses (net). The facility is repayable by september 2015. As a result, the Dorrowings balance was reclassified to current liabilities.

Harmony secured a new revolving credit facility of up to US\$250 million with a three-year duration. The facility matures in rebruary 2018.

The debt covenants on all facilities are as follows:

- The interest cover ratio shall not be less than five. (EBITDA to interest paid).
- Leverage: total net debt to EBITDA ratio shall not be more than 2.5.

- Tangible net worth to net debt ratio shall not be less than six times or eight times when dividends are paid.

At 31 December 2014, the full amount was available on the Nedbank revolving credit facility of R1.3 billion. The facility is available until December 2016.

Other non-current liabilities During the spreader 2014 parter, negotiations were entered into with the claimants in the matter relating to the pumping and matter the spreader 2014 parter in the clarksdorp, orkney. Stilfortein and Hartbeefontein (0594) Basin, Payment of R24 million mat made to Simmer and Jack Investments (Pty) Limited as full and final settlement during the September 2014 parter. The amount owing to Anglogold Asharti Limited was reclassified to trade and other payables at 30 september 2014 and the full and final settlement of R30 million was made in October 2014.

Financial risk management activities

6.

Fair value determination

The following table presents the group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is derived from prices);

Level 3: Inputs for the asset that are not based on observable market data (that is unobservable inputs).

Figures in million	At	At	At	At
	31 Dec	30 Sep	30 June	31 Dec
	2014	2014	2014	2013
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Available-for-sale financial assets(1) Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Fair value through profit or loss(2) Level 1 Level 2 Level 3	375	- 4 632	- 4 798	46 4 934

Level 1 fair values are directly derived from actively traded shares on the JSE. Level 3 fair values have been valued by the directors by performing independent valuations on an annual basis.

(2) The majority of the level 2 fair values are directly derived from the Shareholders weighted Top 40 index (SWDX 40) on the JSE, and are discounted at market interest rate.
 9. Commitments and contingencies

9.	Commitments and contingencies														
		At 31 Dec 2014	At 30 Sep 2014	At 30 June 2014	At 31 Dec 2013										
	Figures in million	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)										
	Capital expenditure commitments: Contracts for capital expenditure Authorised by the directors but not contracted fo	172 or 1 646 1 818	206 2 359 2 565	157 519 676	322 1 152 1 474										
Thi	s expenditure will be financed from existing resource	es and, where ap	propriate, bo	orrowings.											
	Contingent liabilities														
	For a detailed disclosure on contingent liabilities 30 June 2014, available on the group's website (ww 30 June 2014.	s refer to Harmon v.harmony.co.za).	ny's annual fi There were r	inancial stat no significan	ements for the t changes in co	financial yea ontingencies s	in ended								
10.	Related parties Key management personnel are those persons having a activities of the group, directly or indirectly, ir no transactions with related parties during the six	ncluding any dire	ector (whether	executive o	directing and r otherwise) of	controlling t f the group. T	he here hav	e been							
11.	Subsequent events There were no subsequent events to report.														
12.	Segment report The segment report follows below.														
13.	Reconciliation of segment information to condensed	consolidated inc	come statement	ts and balance	e sheets										
								Six mon	ths ended						
								31 Dec 2014		Dec 2013					
Fig	ures in million						(Un	audited)	(Revie						
in dif Rec Tot Pro Dep Oth	""econcilation of segment information to condense the segment report is broken down in the following e ferences between the financial statements and segmen anciliation of production profit to gross (loss)/pro al segment revenue al segment revoluction costs duction profit per segment report reciation er cost of sales items so (loss)/profit as per income statements(1)	elements, to give nt report:						8 146 (6 614) 1 532 (1 252) (423) (143	(6 (1	8 089 067) 2 022 142) (343) 537					
(1)	The reconciliation was done up to the first recogni	isable line item	on the income	statement.	The reconciliat	tion will foll	ow the i	ncome sta	tement afte	er that.					
								At 31 Dec		At 1 Dec					
Fig	ures in million						(Un	2014 audited)		2013 ewed)					
Pro Min Und Oth	onciliation of total segment mining assets to consol perty, plant and equipment not allocated to a segmer ing assets leveloped property er non-mining assets i-colpu assets	lidated property, it	plant and ec	quipment:				791 5 139 162 1 105		1 133 5 139 89 1 069					
	ment report (Rand/Metric) the six months ended 31 December 2014 (unaudited)							7 197		7 430					
						Dana da ang 1					conitral				
		Revenue 31 Dec		Production o 31 Dec	ost	Production (loss)/prof 31 Dec	it		ng assets 1 Dec	e	Capital xpenditure# 31 Dec	Kilo prodi 31 (üced	То	nnes milled 31 Dec
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
		R million	ı	R milli	on	R million		R	million		R million		kg		t'000
	South Africa Underground Kusasalethu Doornkoo	1 005 620	965 707	1 065 566	867 581	(60) 54	98 126	3 526 3 332	3 502 3 380	247 129	250 124	2 109 1 346	2 412 1 637	476 298	631 474

Underground Kusasal lethu Doomkop Phakisa Tshepong Masimong Target 1 (a)	1 005 620 720 1 010 620 912	965 707 625 861 617 999	1 065 566 589 805 508 596	867 581 546 707 516 525	(60) 54 131 205 112 316	98 126 79 154 101 474	3 526 3 332 4 625 3 997 879 2 799	3 502 3 380 4 530 3 986 1 021 2 690	247 129 213 171 89 143	250 124 189 146 78 126	2 109 1 346 1 628 2 288 1 403 2 052	2 412 1 637 1 461 2 011 1 442 2 322	476 298 300 528 373 386	631 474 293 468 350 384
Ce) Baribanani Joei Umisel Tarojet 3 Surface	617 563 420 222	691 580 423 316	347 419 342 177	356 349 311 289	270 144 78 45	335 231 112 27	842 513 625 546	881 354 347 508	64 90 61 20	62 80 42 72	1 391 1 162 948 483	1 613 1 371 988 742	115 285 225 90	129 308 215 157
All other surface operations Total South Africa International	709 7 418	652 7 436	582 5 996	485 5 532	127 1 422	167 1 904	475 22 159	472 21 671	19 1 246	25 1 194	1 565 16 375		5 225 8 301	5 382 8 791
Hidden Valley Total international	728 728	653 653	618 618	535 535	110 110	118 118	3 487 3 487	3 562 3 562	33 33	68 68	1 519 1 519	1 547 1 547	905 905	1 009 1 009
Total operations Reconciliation of the segment information to the condensed consolidated financial statements (refer to note 13)	8 146	8 089	6 614	6 067	1 532	2 022	25 646	25 233 197 7 4	1 279	1 262	17 894	19 150	9 206	9 800
(·····,	8 146	8 089	6 614	6.067			32							

 consolidated financial statements (refer to note 13)
 7 197
 7 430

 # Capital expenditure for international operations excludes expenditure spend on wafi-Golpu of R16 million (2013: Rnil).
 32 843
 32 663

 (a) Includes Stepn 2 for the December 2013 amounts.
 7
 197
 7 430

The segment report for the six months ended 31 December 2013 has been reviewed, except for production statistics.

DEVELOPMENT RESULTS (METRIC) Quarter ending December 2014

DEVELOPMENT RESULTS (IMPERIAL) Quarter ending December 2014

				Channe]						Channe]	
	Reef S Meters		Width (Cm's)	Value (g/t)	Gold (Cmg/t)		Reef Feet	Sampled Feet	width (Inch)	value (oz/t)	Gold (In.oz/t)
Tshepong Basal B Reef All Reefs	221 114 335	212 98 310	7,17 160,20 55,55	131,56 3,56 14,85	943 570 825	Tshepong Basal B Reef All Reefs	723 374 1097	696 322 1017	3,00 63,00 22,00	3,61 0,10 0,43	11 7 9
Phakisa Basal All Reefs	334 334	348 348	55,26 55,26	19,16 19,16	1 059 1 059	Phakisa Basal All Reefs	1097 1097	1142 1142	22,00 22,00	0,55 0,55	12 12
Doornkop South Reef All Reefs	344 344	384 384	56,69 56,69	16,00 16,00	907 907	Doornkop South Reef All Reefs	1129 1129	1260 1260	22,00 22,00	0,47 0,47	10 10
Kusasalethu Vcr Reef All Reefs	596 596	348 348	99,00 99,00	10,09 10,09	999 999	Kusasalethu Vcr Reef All Reefs	1955 1955	1142 1142	39,00 39,00	0,29 0,29	11 11
Total Target (incl. Target 1 & Target 3 Elsburg All Reefs	5) 77 77	96 96	266,00 266,00	2,46 2,46	654 654	Total Target (incl. Target 1 & Target 3) Elsburg All Reefs	253 253	315 315	105,00 105,00	0,07 0,07	8 8
Masimong 5 Basal B Reef All Reefs	591 202 792	552 198 750	46,56 59,36 49,94	18,50 21,81 19,54	861 1 295 976	Masimong 5 Basal B Reef All Reefs	1938 662 2599	1811 650 2461	18,00 23,00 20,00	0,55 0,65 0,56	10 15 11
Unisel Basal Leader All Reefs	273 498 771	216 402 618	170,15 231,82 210,27	3,31 6,31 5,46	563 1 463 1 149	Unisel Basal Leader All Reefs	896 1634 2529	709 1319 2028	67,00 91,00 83,00	0,10 0,18 0,16	6 17 13
Joel Beatrix All Reefs	222 222	291 291	93,00 93,00	11,61 11,61	1 080 1 080	Joel Beatrix All Reefs	730 730	955 955	37,00 37,00	0,34 0,34	12 12
Total Harmony Basal Beatrix Leader B Reef Elsburg South Reef Vcr All Reefs	1419 222 498 316 77 344 596 3472	1328 291 402 296 96 384 348 3145	62,65 93,00 231,82 92,75 266,00 56,69 99,00 99,42	14,01 11,61 6,31 11,37 2,46 16,00 10,09 10,04	878 1 080 1 463 1 055 654 907 999 998	Total Harmony Basal Beatrix Leader B Reef Elsburg South Reef VCr All Reefs	4654 730 1634 1036 253 1129 1955 11390	4357 955 1319 971 315 1260 1142 10318	25,00 37,00 91,00 37,00 105,00 22,00 39,00 39,00	0,40 0,34 0,18 0,33 0,07 0,47 0,29 0,29	10 12 17 12 8 10 11 11